

Tobacco Free Ireland Annual Report 2020



Tobacco Free Ireland, the report of the Tobacco Policy Review Group, was endorsed by Government, and published in October 2013. It builds on existing tobacco control policies and legislation already in place in this country and sets a target for Ireland to be tobacco free (i.e. with a smoking prevalence rate of less than 5%) by 2025. Tobacco Free Ireland was the first policy document to be launched under the Healthy Ireland framework and will play a major part in achieving the vision set out in Healthy Ireland. The two key themes underpinning Tobacco Free Ireland are the protection of children and the denormalisation of smoking. Progress in implementing the Action Plan for Tobacco Free Ireland for 2014 - 2020 is outlined in the tables below.

Significant disruption was caused to the tobacco control work of the Department of Health, the Health and Wellbeing Programme and the Health Service Executive throughout 2020 as resources were diverted to address the COVID-19 pandemic. Despite this, adaptations were made to continue much of the work of Tobacco Free Ireland and with the resumption of regular duties as the year progressed substantial implementation of the action plan was able to take place. These actions include:

• Continued promotion of tobacco free environments, with local initiatives creating tobacco free areas around playgrounds and parks, e.g. launch of the *Not Aound Us* campaign in Clare.

• The publication of the Health Research Board's evidence review on the potential health harms of electronic cigarettes and heated tobacco products.

• The launch of a new QUIT marketing campaign, *The Last Stop*, by the HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme and HSE national communications.

• The completion of 7,534 inspections by the Environmental Health Service, with a compliance rate of 86.7%.

• The inclusion of information on the dangers of tobacco use in Healthy Choices 1, the first substance misuse module of the Junior Cycle SPHE resource, aimed at first year students.

• Increase in price and minimum excise duty on tobacco products for Budget 2021.

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
no.				
General				
11.1	Develop an action plan with timelines for the phased implementation of the recommendations in Tobacco Free Ireland.	DOH TACU ¹	 Action plan developed in consultation with key stakeholders. Review and update action plan annually. 	1. Complete Q4 2014 2. Annual Report on TFI produced in Q1 each year, beginning 2015
Update 2014	The Action Plan was developed by the Department of Health's Tobacco and Alcohol Control Unit in conjunction with the Health and Wellbeing Programme within the Department and with the Health Service Executive's Health and Wellbeing Directorate. It was published in March 2015. The Annual Report for 2014 was published in December 2015.			
Update 2015	Annual Report for 2015 was published in 2016.			
Update 2016	Annual Report for 2016 was published in 2017.			
Update 2017	Annual Report for 2017 was published in 2018.			
Update 2018	Annual Report for 2018 was published in 2019.			
Update 2019	Annual Report for 2019 was published in 2020.			
Update 2020	Annual Report for 2020 was published in 2021.			

20	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
<u>no.</u> 5.1	Take steps to ensure that all government officials, employees of state agencies and members of any government branch (executive, legislative and judiciary) responsible for setting and implementing tobacco control policies and for protecting those policies against tobacco industry interests are aware of their obligations under article 5.3 of the WHO FCTC ² and are aware of the Guidelines developed to assist in meeting these obligations.	DOH TACU	Continue to advise all appropriate Government Departments, State Agencies with WHO FCTC guidelines on article 5.3.	Initiate 2014 and on- going	
Update 2014	Ministerial letter outlining obligations under Article 5.3 correspondence sent to all Departments from Minister continue to be advised on an informal basis of obligati	r and CMO in	Feb 2013. Agencies and stake		
Update 2015	Agencies and stakeholders continue to be advised of o	Agencies and stakeholders continue to be advised of obligations under Article 5.3 as appropriate.			
Update 2016	Agencies and stakeholders continue to be advised of obligations under Article 5.3 as appropriate. Engagement with Minister for Finance regarding the divestment of Strategic Investment Fund (ISIF) of its remaining investments in tobacco manufacturing.				
Update 2017	In November 2017, Minister of State at the DOH and t Taoiseach, all Government Ministers and all heads (Se letter reminded the Ministers and Secretaries General Party, to maintain strict and transparent controls on in industry. It asked that copies of WHO FCTC Article 5.3 departments and any state agencies that may have int all other government ministries. The letter specifically the Tobacco industry; partnerships with the Tobacco i During meetings held in 2017 of the UN International I Member States and like-minded countries, was a stror partnerships between the ILO and the tobacco industry going into 2018.	cretaries Gene of the nation nteractions be be distributed reractions with highlights sub ndustry; confl Labour Organi ng opponent to	eral) of Government Departm i's obligation, as a WHO FCTC tween the government and t I to officials within all govern in the tobacco industry. It was sections of the article: intera icts of interest; and preferen isation, Ireland, together with o the renewal of public–priva	nents. The Ratifying he tobacco ment also copied to ctions with tial treatment. n other EU te	
Update 2018	Ireland took an active role within the European Memb Private Partnerships (PPPs) between the International Ireland welcomed the decision by the Governing Body Focus for the ILO in 2019 should be the further develo Strategy to Address Decent Work Deficits in the Tobac	Labour Organ of the ILO in pment and im	isation (ILO) and the tobacco November 2018 not to renew	industry. v the PPPs.	
Update 2019	The DOH remained active in collaborating with the ILO WHO FCTC Article 5.3. The ILO Centenary Conference was held in Dublin Cast	le on 17th Se	otember 2019 and was atten	ded by by	
	members of DOH. DOH reaffirmed its opposition to the between ILO and the tobacco industry, in accordance	with WHO FC	FC Article 5.3.	(PPP)	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
7.1	The protection of children must be prioritised in all of the initiatives outlined in the policy.	1. DOH TACU 2.DOH H&W P ³ 3. HSE ⁴	All initiatives to be examined with a view to maximising the impact on children where appropriate.	Initiate Q1 2014 and on going	
7.2	Denormalisation must be a complementary underpinning theme for all of the initiatives within the policy.	1. DOH TACU 2. DOH H&W P 3. HSE	All initiatives to be evaluated with a view to maximising denormalisation.	Initiate Q1 2014 and on going	
Update 2014	The protection of children and the denormalisation of tobacco use is to the fore in the rollout of the Action Plan for Tobacco Free Ireland. Key examples in 2014 are the passing of the Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Mechanically Propelled Vehicles) Act 2014 and the introduction of legislation to standardise the packaging of tobacco products.				
Update 2015	the packaging of tobacco products.			ions under the d the Mechanically children and context of wide range of v Centres. 4 oduced Smoke nd County. g signage at rough the the	
Update 2016	HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme and HP&I devel implementation of the HSE Tobacco Free Campus Poli around the country (April) to support effective implen Care, Social Care and Mental Health services. A Nation 2016 to facilitate the roll out of policy. TULSA owned 100% of sites to year end. Tobacco Free Campus Polici Care (older Persons Residential Services) 79%, (Disabi Units 70%, Mental Health Residential Services 45%.	cy. Six regiona nentation of th nal Tobacco Fro children's resid y Implementat	I workshops were held in van ne policy across Acute Service ee Campus conference was h dential services implemented tion rates for various settings	rious locations es, Primary eld in October d the policy in s are: Social	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2017	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland (TFI) Programme planne Workshops across the country (June 2017). The purpor Policy implementation, build supportive local network challenges, support necessary and direct future develor Health Nurses conference in Dublin Castle in Septemb Wolseley and the Nursing & Midwifery Research Conf Summit in the Aviva (Nov 17) to showcase examples o and advocate for the treatment of tobacco addiction a Mental Health services.	se of the work s, identify mor opments. The p er, the MH Dir erence in Tulla f good practice	shops was to engage local m dels of good practice, local in programme participated at tl ectors of Nursing conference more (Oct 2017) and the Me e in TFC implementation in m	anagers in TFC nplementation ne Mental e in Mount ental Health nental health	
The programme engaged with the Mayo Recovery College (Mental Health) to scope the potential to 'Let's talk about smoking' module to be delivered by recovery colleges, followed up with a 1 day cor workshop in Mayo Recovery College to co-produce the module. The programme did a site visit to M Hospital, South London where a number of local NHS health and tobacco specialists hosted a sharin learning event for colleagues from Scotland, Finland and Ireland. The Programme engaged with the Inspectorate division of the Mental Health Commission to advocate for the inclusion of Tobacco Fre policy implementation in future audits of mental health services.					
Update 2018	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland (TFI) programme and as and improve the ongoing implementation of Tobacco programme found that among service managers there the policy. For this reason, the TFI Programme outline implementation within an electronic survey.	Free Campus l e were variatio	Policy across our sites and se ns in interpretation of imple	rvices. The mentation of	
	During 2018 the programme issued a survey using the and mental health service sites to assess the level of p implemented the policy. Survey results found that the 63% of Mental Health Approved Units 40% of Mental Health Residential Services 63% of Older Persons Services 49% of Disabilities Services	olicy impleme	ntation. Primary Care service		
	The programme engaged with the Mental Health Com of routine audit and quality improvement across servi			policy as part	
Update 2019	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme continued t the Tobacco Free Campus Policy across all healthcare	-		mentation of	
	During 2019, the programme issued a survey to all So services to assess the level of policy implementation n the policy previously. Survey results found that the po - 46% of Mental Health Approved Units (based on surv - 10% of Mental Health Residential Services (based on - 7% of Disability Residential Services (based on survey - 81% of Older Persons Residential Services (based on	ationally. Prim licy was imple vey uptake rat survey uptake y uptake rate o	ary care services have fully i mented in; e of 68% of sites) rate of 15% of sites) if 10% of sites)		
	Mental Health Ireland and the TFI Programme partnered to host a national conversation cafe on <i>Smoking,</i> <i>Mental Health and Recovery</i> . This was the first time that mental health services users, staff and policy makers had been brought together to examine the relationship between smoking and mental health and to have an open, honest and direct conversation where all perspectives on this issue were articulated and recorded. More than 70 stakeholders from lived experience of mental health challenges, services providers, supporters, smokers and ex-smokers came together on an equal footing, in the spirit of co-production, to tell the story of how things are now in terms of smoking and mental health and to contribute to a solution-focused plan for the future.				

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	The TFI Programme ran an incentivised Tobacco Free 2019 with an allocated budget of €100,000 to encoura health services. The programme awarded quality impr to demonstrate innovation, sustainability and internal implementation. The initiative involved each site com quality improvement plan. A second audit was then ca were submitted to the TFI Programme as part of the a provided through the Tobacco Free Campus implement Applications were reviewed and scored by a team of s GNTH standards. A total of 21 services (13 acute hosp bursary competition, with awards being made to 18 se quality improvement application was published and is web page.	age quality im rovement burs compliance b pleting a GNTI arried out in o pplication pro ntation lead ar elected audito ital and 8 mer ervices. A <i>Boo</i>	provement in tobacco contro saries to healthcare services v uilding in Tobacco Free Camp H audit and developing a sub- rder to evaluate progress. Au cess. Support for the initiativ nd local health promotion sta ors who were trained in the a ntal health services) participa k of Abstracts describing eac	l across the who were able ous Policy sequent udit results re was ff. pplication of ted in the h individual
Update 2020	 A 'Quality Improvement in Tobacco Free Campus' webinar was held in November 2020 to provide an overview of tobacco control in our health service today and provide examples of best practice in tobacco free campus (TFC) policy implementation. The TFI programme engaged with the communications leads in each hospital group in Q4 to explore how the TFC policy can be reinvigorated and re-launched in various acute settings in order to increase buy-in from staf patients and the public. A specific set of actions were agreed with the TFI Programme and have been carried into 2021 for translation into action. 			
7.3	Develop and introduce legislation to prohibit smoking within the campuses of primary schools, secondary schools and child care facilities. The promotion of tobacco free campuses and the denormalisation of tobacco, particularly in the context of settings where children are present, are ongoing topics in all engagement that take place with a wide range of stakeholders within the scope of Health and Wellbeing Programme's work.	DOH TACU	 Review previous legislation for primary and secondary schools and check if it could be fit for purpose. Define child care facilities and explore how legislation might be framed. Initiate legislative process. 	 1. Initiate Q2 2016 2. Initiate Q2 2016 3. Initiate Q3 2016
Update 2014	Scheduled for action in 2016			
Update 2015	Scheduled for action in 2016			
- Update 2016 2017	To be rescheduled due to competing priorities.			
Update 2018	Rescheduled to 2019 due to competing priorities.			
Update 2019				
Lindete 2020	2019/2020 (AEYSP). DOH continues to engage with De "smoke free schools" agenda.	epartment of E	ducation and Skills (DES) to p	progress the
Update 2020	Work on this area was paused following the redeployr 19 work.	nent of Tobac	co and Alconol Control Unit s	to COVID-

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7.4	Promote tobacco free campuses for all third-level institutions in consultation with key stakeholders.	DOH H&WB P	Health and Wellbeing Programme to engage with Higher Education Institutes and other stakeholders to introduce tobacco free campuses as part of Healthy Campus initiative. Engage with 3rd level	Initiate Q2 2014 and on going
Update 2014	The DOH H&WBP is working with the Department of progress and find solutions, and to exploit opportunit especially in terms of embedding and integrating hea primary, post-primary, higher and further education. Discussions have also commenced with DES on the de collaboration with the Higher Education Authorities a	ties to progress Ith and wellbei evelopment of	a 'Health in All Policies' app ng into the educational agen a 'Healthy Ireland Campus' fi	roach da, across
Update 2015	Discussions surrounding the development of tobacco in the context of their progress towards Healthy Camp The H&W P continues to engage closely with the Dep matters with particular emphasis on tobacco control with third level colleges on tobacco free campuses.	puses. artment of Edu	ication and Skills on health ar	nd wellbeing
Update 2016				
Update 2017				
Update 2018	The HSE continued to facilitate ongoing engagement of and responded to a number of requests for support in various third level institutions. The HSE is now represe Committee at University College Cork with a view to v Campus Policy in 2019/2020.	n terms of Tob ented on a nev	acco Free Campus implemen vly formed Tobacco Free Cam	tation from npus
	There was ongoing engagement with an academic gro curriculum for undergraduate health curricula across includes a module on best practice in brief interventio eating, physical activity and misuse of alcohol. The pr the Higher Educational Institutions and is being imple January 2018.	all the major the major the second se	nird level institutions. The cur cessation as well as modules developed by the HSE in part	rriculum s on healthy mership with
Update 2019	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme held an export of Tobacco Free Campus implementation.			
	The HSE is represented on the Tobacco Free Campus working towards introducing a Tobacco Free Campus			the college
Update 2020	Work on progressing the implementation of smoke-fr COVID-19 pandemic.	ree environme	nts in these settings was halte	ed due to the

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7.5	Promote tobacco free campuses for all health care, governmental and sporting facilities in consultation with key stakeholders.	1.HSE 2. DOH H&W P	 HSE to continue implementation of tobacco free campuses on its sites. DOH H&WB P to engage with Healthy Ireland Cross- Sectoral group to promote tobacco free campuses. DOH H&WB P working with a corporate partner to develop a tobacco free campus toolkit for general use. 	 1. On-going 2.On-going 3.On-going
Update 2014	 Tobacco Free Campus policy. By December 2014, 69% (of the 70% target) of Primary Care sites implemented the National Tobacco Free Campus Policy. The DOH H&WBP received funding to create a tool to support Tobacco Free Campuses. This project will be a partnership initiative under the Healthy Ireland Framework. This will enable and encourage employers to make their campuses tobacco free and will support the national aims of changing norms around smoking, enable and empower participation by the wider society, promote and encourage smoking cessation in the context of a 			
Update 2015	 healthy workplace. 5 The Department of Health and most of its aegis bodies , along with Department of Children and Youth Affairs have implemented Tobacco Free Campuses policies. A project group was set up to develop the Tobacco Free Campuses web based toolkit and work commenced on the design and scoping of the project with a view to commissioning the development of the toolkit in 2016. Work on the Healthy Workplaces Framework continued in 2015 with the establishment of a cross sectoral working group to progress this work. Initial consultation with stakeholders was carried out and this will continue into 2016. 105 sites of the targeted 106 Primary Care sites have implemented the TFC policy. One shared site in Area 9 is working towards implemented the TFC policy to year end. 25% of Mental Health Residential services were targeted to implement the policy and 96% of that target was achieved. Older Persons Services have implemented the TFC Policy in 40% of sites to end Q4. Overachieved on their 20% target . Disability services have implemented the policy in 15% of sites. (Target for 2015 was 25%). 4 of the 12 TUSLA residential sites targeted (33.3%) implemented TFC. A TFC Toolkit and mental health briefing document was developed in consultation with divisional representatives. Designer/printer assigned to work on same. Due to be launched in early 2016. 			
Update 2016	Ongoing support and sharing of resources provided to encourage the implementation of their tobacco free c tobacco free campus implementation toolkit to suppo toolkit resource.	lubs initiative	e. HSE worked with the DOH ar	nd shared our

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2017	The HSE TFI Programme/QUIT partnered with the GAA August 13th 2017. On that date Croke Park made its st the GAA has nominated one of its All-Ireland series ser year's theme has been inspired by the GAA's Healthy (phase two of the project have become tobacco-free zo that direction. It is hoped that the #hurlthehabit themed semi-final w to become smoke-free zones too as Ireland strives tow See action 7.1/7.2 re supportive national workshops h engagement with the Mental Health Commission. Implementation of Tobacco Free Campuses is as follow Mental Health Approved Centres 63%, Mental Health I Centres 45%, Older Persons Services 63% and Disabilit	tadium comple mi-finals to pro Club Project. A ones over the vill influence o vards its 2025 eld across HSI eld across HSI vs: Acute Hosp Residential Ce	etely tobacco free. Each year omote a significant health me total of 25 of the 60 clubs p past 12 months, with 9 other ther interested clubs across t tobacco-free target. E on tobacco free campus as pitals 100%, Primary Care Cer ntres 38%, Mental Health Co	r since 2014, essage and this articipating in s moving in the Association well as	
	Smoke free toolkit available at: http://www.healthyireland.ie/health-initiatives/quit-smoking/w tobacco-free-campus-toolkit/introduction/ Smoking in workplace campuses is part of the Healthy Workplace Framework development and process.				
Update 2018	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland (TFI) Programme investe the Tobacco Free Campus Policy at Galway Acute Men of best practice in an acute mental health setting. Vari commence and improve implementation of the HSE To while others included a range of services with shared g services that engaged service user and family member reassuring them of the planned holistic approach.	tal Health Serrous other sites ous other sites obacco Free Ca governance. G	vice throughout 2018 to deve s and services were supporte ampus policy. Some were ind reat progress was made in m	elop a model d to lividual sites iental health	
	A Tobacco Free Campus Implementation workshop wa October for community and hospital staff who are iden policy implementation process. Staff were provided wi Organisations in terms of what sites have reported pol outstanding. A reporting process was also agreed for 2 be captured and provided to the HSE TFI Programme. The Programme also developed a new survey for comm implementation status in greater detail for 2019.	ntified suppor ith profiles of licy implemen 019 whereby	t staff for the HSE Tobacco Fi their respective Community I tation and those where imple work to support TFC implem	ree Campus Healthcare ementation is entation will	
	The HSE TFI Programme entered into a partnership with Athletics Ireland to support tobacco free policy implementation across all Atheltics Association of Ireland sporting Events to commence on National No-Smoking Day 2019. With 60,000 members across 340 clubs nationally, this development has the potential to make a huge contribution to a Tobacco Free Ireland. In Quarter 4 of 2018, a joint plan was developed to engage service users at all levels to develop a communication strategy using messages that would resonate with all members of the AAI community; athletes, coaches, timekeepers, parents & family members, other supporters, volunteers, clubhouse staff etc. The Irish Cancer Society's Exhale programme was also in this plan.				
	Throughout 2018, the HSE TFI Programme provided ac	dvice and supp	port to the Irish Prison Servic	e (IPS)	

endation	Lead	Action	Time frame
g the implementation of a Tobacco Free Cam n planning, delivering and evaluating potentia s into the 2019 work plan.			
TFI Programme has engaged with the Mental e audits. These commenced in 2018. The prog arly in 2019 where findings from this audit wil for Mental Health Commission inspectors in Ja Jser, Family Member and Carer (SUFMC) grou	gramme looks I be published anuary 2018. T	forward to the publication o . The Programme provided e here has also been engagem	f its annual education and nent with the
Health Ireland and the TFI Programme partner Health and Recovery'' in July 2019. This was the akers had been brought together to examine an open, honest and direct conversation wher d. More than 70 stakeholders from lived exper ers, smokers and ex-smokers came together o of how things are now in terms of smoking a the future.	ne first time th the relationshi re all perspecti rience of ment n an equal foo	at mental health services us p between smoking and me ves on this issue were articu al health challenges, services ting, in the spirit of co-produ	ers, staff and ntal health and lated and s providers, uction, to tell
oport from the HSE, on National No Smoking E is now prohibited outside all buildings on the Aquatic Centre and Sport Ireland National Inc uildings, and no smoking signage installed thro s and facilities throughout the campus.	Sport Ireland door Arena. Ne	Campus, including the Sport ew smoking shelters are loca	Ireland ted to the rear
land Safeguarding Guidance for Children and edge that the use of drugs, alcohol and tobac and must be discouraged.			
Athletics Ireland signed the charter for Tobaco onal Tobacco Free Ireland Strategy (2013 – 20 rt at its championships and national events to I by branding and messaging at national event s and through interactive education initiatives	25). Athletics I b help improve ts and by prom	reland has committed to cre health and wellbeing. This v noting national QUIT services	eating Tobacco will also be s to its
Programme awarded quality improvement bu bility and compliance building in Tobacco Free e hospital and 8 mental health services) partic 18 services (See section 7.1 / 7.2)	e Campus Polic	cy implementation. A total of	21 services
acco free policy in the Progression Unit at Mon advisors and supported the prison service to	untjoy Prison. supply Nicotin	The HSE trained prison staff e Replacement Therapy to in	as stop ndividuals
als icc ad	to provided advice and support to the Irish o free policy in the Progression Unit at Mou lvisors and supported the prison service to uit attempt. The HSE has carried out resear	to provided advice and support to the Irish Prison Service o free policy in the Progression Unit at Mountjoy Prison. Ivisors and supported the prison service to supply Nicotin uit attempt. The HSE has carried out research at the priso	to provided advice and support to the Irish Prison Service throughout 2019 for the imported policy in the Progression Unit at Mountjoy Prison. The HSE trained prison staff livisors and supported the prison service to supply Nicotine Replacement Therapy to in uit attempt. The HSE has carried out research at the prison pre and post policy impler

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2020	In 2018 and 2019 the TFI Programme worked to supp policy in the Progression Unit of Mountjoy Prison. As Prison Service incorporating data collected from both 2020. 40% of Clubs under the GAA Healthy Club Project wer all tenants and stakeholders at DOH Campus on Miezi campus as soon as possible.	part of this pro prisoners and nt smoke - free	ocess, research was undertak staff. Analysis of this data be in 2020. Engagement has co	en with the gan late in ntinued with
7.6	Further develop the tobacco free playgrounds initiative in conjunction with the local authorities by way of voluntary measures or by the introduction of bye-laws.	DOH H&W P	DOH H&WB P to engage with Inter-Departmental Group on Local and Community Development	Initiate Q2 2014
7.7	Promote tobacco free environments and in particular parks and beaches in conjunction with the local authorities by voluntary measures or by the introduction of bye-laws.		and the City and County Managers Association to include health and wellbeing as a key pillar in economic and community planning process. Liaise with ASH Ireland on work to date in this area.	
Update 2014	By the end of 2014, 82% of Local Authorities had either playground policy on foot of representations from AS	-	l d or agreed to implement a s	mokefree
Update 2015	The H&W P continues to collaborate with these depar denormalisation of tobacco use and the protection of above.			
Update 2016				
Update 2017	The DOH invited Local Community Development Com Committees (CYPSCs) to apply for Healthy Ireland Pok guidance document detailing appropriate tobacco co LCDC/CYPSCs to apply for funding. 15 LCDC/CYPSCs a strategically aligned with Healthy Ireland and TFI and the development of tobacco free home initiatives in d and enhanced community engagement/communicati projects and other youth and tobacco control prevent disadvantaged areas and those vulnerable to health ir	bal funding (5 m ntrol projects v oplied to comp all were appro isadvantaged on and signage ion work . All	nillion). The HSE TFI program which could be considered for plete Tobacco projects, all of v oved and funded. These proje communities to tobacco free e for same, to funding further	me drafted a r the which were cts range from playgrounds X-Hale

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2018	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland programme and Health Promotion & Improvement staff have supported LCDC committees to progress the development of tobacco free playgrounds in Limerick city and county as well as preparatory work in Wicklow for launch of tobacco free playgrounds in 2019.				
	In relation to the tobacco free playgrounds initiative a following schemes are supported by the Healthy Irela	-	tion of tobacco free environr	nents, the	
	Tobacco Free Limerick: Support for the denormalisat focus on outside public places and spaces where child Tobacco Free Fingal: Empower CLG (formerly known create a Tobacco Free County; Galway - Promoting Healthy Outdoor Play – Smoke fr Roscommon – Smoke Free Homes Project.	dren and young as BAP) lead th	people frequent in Limerick	;	
	In relation to the promotion of Tobacco free areas, th development of new Smoke free zone signage that w				
Update 2019	The HSE supported Health Limerick to develop a smo Launched to coincide with World No Tobacco Day 20 is easier for those who smoke to quit and remain smo generation through shaping policy development, sigr engaging on the effects of second hand smoking and quit smoking. The Not Around Us signage can be see parks, playgrounds and schools.	19, Not Around oke free and he nalling out appr raising awaren	l Us has promoted an enviro Ips to de-normalise smoking opriate areas for no-smoking ess of the supports for those	nment where it for the next ssignage, who wish to	
	Not Around Us is another step Towards a Tobacco Fr with a range of stakeholders - HSE, Limerick Local Cor nÓg, Limerick Children and Young People's Services C and ASH Ireland, Council of the Irish Heart Foundatio	nmunity Devel committee, Lim	opment Committee, Limerick	c Comhairle na	
	There was continued implementation in 2019 of smo and Roscommon. A new initiative was launched in W playgrounds, outdoor gym areas, other local ameniti Time' garden in the Arklow Municipal District area. T available, free-of-charge, to all adults seeking suppor	icklow with 'To es (such as at tl he new signs al	bbacco – Free' signs placed ir ne local Duck Pond) and in th	n six ne 'Moments in	
Update 2020	A number of initiaitves aimed at introducing tobacco now been established by local authorities. Some exar			hildren have	
	In Limerick, 42 outdoor locations where children and young people are likely to be are now displaying 'Not Around Us' signage and thus participating in this WHO award-winning initiatives. As part of the campaign a number of Local Authorities erected signage at school gates, early years services grounds, community playgrounds, community facilities and leisure facilities. This campaign has continued in Limerick and launched in Clare at the beginning of 2020.				
	In Offaly, all council - maintained playgrounds are curr It is planned to develop a proposal through Offaly Co parks and amenity areas.			to all public	
	In Tipperary, any new Community Playground as part Council is obligated to erect a 'No Smoking' sign at th		enance agreement with Tipp	erary County	
	In South County Dublin, 'No Smoking' and 'Young Lur playgrounds and the provision anti-smoking signage i playgrounds / playspaces.				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
7.8	Evaluate the tobacco free environment initiatives with a view to the introduction of legislation if required.	DOH TACU	DOH TACU and H&WB P to evaluate 7.4 to 7.7 to assess progress and need for further action.	Initiate Q1 2016	
Update 2014	Scheduled for action in 2016		I		
Update 2015	Continued to promote tobacco free environments.				
Update 2016	HSE staff sit on each of the LCDC groups. Each LCDC was required to complete a 6 year Local Economic and Community Plan (LECP) in 2016. The plan includes two elements: a local economic element (prepared and adopted by the Local Authority), and a community development element (prepared and adopted by the LCDC). THE HSE conducted a review of these high level plans in 2016 (September) to determine the number of actions which have a tobacco control focus. 11 of the 32 plans had a tobacco focus although others had high level Healthy Ireland actions. Health & Wellbeing (Healthy Ireland programme) gathered the HSE LCDC representatives together as well as external stakeholders e.g. Dept. of Housing. Planning Community and Local Government three times in 2016 to coordinate and advise on the HI actions which we would like to see included in annual action plans. The HSE TFI programme produced a resource to support this work (list of practical actions to support denormalisation) for LCDCs and presented on tobacco control at these meetings.				
Update 2017	The HSE TFI Programme presented a number of times during the year to the LCDC/CYPSCs HSE representative group on the work of the HSE TFI programme and on proposed initiatives to support the Tobacco Free Ireland agenda through HI funding. (See 7.5 above)				
Update 2018					
The programme suggests that having implemented internal policy and advocated for p codes in external organisations for the past 7 years the development of legislation to c vulnerable adults and children and families gather such as tobacco free pre - schools, o facilities, schools, prisons and health services should be strongly considered and would Free Ireland.				s where ld care	
Update 2019	The HSE TFI programme reiterates that having implemented internal policy and advocated for policy and voluntary codes both within the health services and in external organisations for the past 8 years the development of legislation to cover places where vulnerable adults and children and families gather such as tobacco free pre - schools, creches child care facilities, schools, prisons and health services should be strongly considered and would help achieve a Tobacco Free Ireland.				
Update 2020	Tobacco free initiatives like those highlighted in Poin community - led model. These campaigns have resul- more regions preparing to launch similar campaigns i	ted in tobacco	free environments across Ire		
Legislative con	npliance and regulating the retail environment				
8.1	Continue to actively promote compliance with and enforce all provisions of the Public Health (Tobacco) Act 2002 as amended.	HSE	HSE Annual Service Plan commitment.	On-going	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2014	 In 2014 the HSE National Environmental Health Servicion out the following: 18,021 inspections were completed, of which 3,568 483 test purchases of tobacco products to minors w Compliance). The 2014 target for test purchasing was 35 Tobacco related court cases in 2014 resulting in 4 Circuit Court. HSE commenced publication of convictions quartering 	were non cor ere carried ou met. 1 convictions.	npliant. (80% Compliance), t , of which 105 were non c Three cases are currently o	ompliant, (78%	
Update 2015	 2015 In 2015 the HSE National Environmental Health Service (EHS) carried out the following: 17972 tobacco control inspections including 552 test purchases (sales to minors) inspections conducted, 8 of which were compliant. The 2015 target for test purchasing was met nationally with test purchase activity undertaken in all local areas. Overall compliance with the Public Health (Tobacco) Act has been high. There were 28 court cases for tobacco related offences resulting in 31 convictions in 2015. HSE continued with the publication of convictions quarterly on the HSE website. 				
Update 2016	 In 2016 the HSE National Environmental Health Service out the following: 16,131 inspections were completed , of which 12,99 540 test purchases of tobacco products to minors w representing 87% compliance. The 2016 target for test 31 tobacco related court cases took place in 2016 re to the Circuit Court. HSE continued to publish a convictions report quarter 	7 were compli ere carried ou purchasing w sulting in 35 co	ant, representing 80.6% com t, of which 472 were compli ras met. onvictions. One case is curre	npliance, ant,	
Update 2017	In 2017 the HSE National Environmental Health Service out the following: • 15,064 inspections were completed , of which 12,10 Included in this inspection figure are 30 inspections of containers businesses and the procurement of sample These activities were undertaken in relation to the imp transposed in the Republic of Ireland in the European and Related Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. • 429 test purchases of tobacco products to minors w representing 90% compliance. The 2017 target for test • 17 convictions were secured in respect of prosecution smoking and the provision of signage in workplaces, ai • HSE continued to publish a convictions report quarter 45 Cross-Border Distance Sales registrations were pro queries and 35 complaints in relation to TPD were reco Operational Unit (NTCOU) as a priority, and as further legislation.	B were compli manufacturer s of such prod plementation Union (Manuf ere carried ou purchasing w n cases taken nd sales of tob erly on the HSI cessed up to 3 eived and resp	ant, representing 80% comp and retailer of e-cigarettes ucts for desk-top analysis b of the Tobacco Products Dire facture, Presentation and Sal t, of which 386 were complia cas met. for non-compliance with the facco products to minors. E website.	liance. and refill y the EHS. ective as le of Tobacco ant, prohibition of al of 553 bacco Control	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
	In 2018 the HSE National Environmental Health Service out the following:	e (EHS) Tobaco	Control Inspection Progr	amme carried
	• 14,432 inspections were completed, of which 1,128 Included in this inspection figure are 58 inspections of cigarettes and refill containers which were carried out	manufacturer	s, importers, distributors a	nd retailers of e-
	19 samples of e-cigarettes and refill containers were p Control Operational Unit. These activities were undertaken in relation to the imp			
	transposed in the Republic of Ireland as the European and Related Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. There were 4 RAPEX Alerts initiated by the Health Server			
	liquids). There were 2 RAPEX Alerts received from other Memb December of 2018 were still under investigation at yea		ch were investigated, a furt	her 2 received in
	 587 test purchase inspections were carried out, of w The KPI target of 384 initial test purchase inspections f 31 convictions were secured in respect of prosecution 	or 2018 was n	net.	
	smoking and the provision of signage in workplaces, and		-	
	• HSE continues to publish a convictions report quarter 8 Cross-Border Distance Sales registrations were proce *A total of 252 queries and 51 complaints in relation to Tobacco Control Operational Unit.	essed up to 31	. December 2018.	y the National
	• An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty Illicit Trade survey was undertaken with particular refe (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 and reg	erence to com	pliance with the Public Hea	
Update 2019	In 2019 the HSE National Environmental Health Service out the following;	e (EHS) Tobaco	co Control Inspection Progr	amme carried
	 15,105 inspections were completed, of which 12,386 Included in this inspection figure are X inspections of r cigarettes and refill containers which were carried out 467 test purchase inspections were carried out, of w compliance. The KPI target of 384 initial test purchase A total of 115 complaints in relation to TPD were recompliance. 	nanufacturers by the Nation hich 404 were inspections fo	, importers, distributors an al Tobacco Control Operati compliant, representing 80 or 2019 was met.	d retailers of e- onal Unit. 5.5%
	Operational Unit. • 41 convictions were secured in respect of prosecutions smoking and the provision of signage in workplaces, and The following activities were undertaken in relation to as transposed in the Republic of Ireland as the Europee Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (SI 27)	nd sales of tob the implemen an Union (Ma	acco products to minors. ntation of the Tobacco Proc nufacture, Presentation an	lucts Directive
	 44 inspections of manufacturers, importers, distributivere carried out by the National Tobacco Control Ope 1 RAPEX Alert was initiated by the HSE relating to un 	rational Unit (safe refill cont	NTCOU).	
	received from other Member States which were invest	igateu.		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2020	 The COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 affected the Tobacco test purchase programme. In 2020 the HSE National Environmental Health Service 7,534 inspections were completed of which 86.7% w 58 test purchase inspections were carried out of whi A total of 58 complaints in relation to tobacco control Health Service. 18 convictions were secured for non-compliance wit products to minors. The following activities were undertaken in relation to (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and F 30 inspections of manufacturers, importers, distributiver carried out by the National Tobacco Control Ope 2 RAPEX Alerts were initiated by the HSE relating to twere received from other Member States which were privation of 174 queries in relation to TPD were received 	e (EHS) carried vere compliant ich 96.5% were of were receive h the prohibit the implement Related Product tors and retail rational Unit (unsafe refill co investigated. occessed up to	d out the following: e compliant. ed and responded to by the E ion of smoking and sales of to ntation of the European Unio cts) Regulations 2016 (SI 271 ers of e-cigarettes and refill c NTCOU). ontainers (e-liquids) and 9 RA 31 December 2020.	invironmental obacco n of 2016): ontainers
8.2	Introduce fixed penalty notices (on the spot fines) for offences.	DOH TACU	To be explored in Retail Licensing Bill.	See 8.7 to 8.12 below
Update 2014 - 2020	See 8.7 to 8.12 below	1		
8.3	Develop capacity within the HSE's Environmental Health Service to maintain consistent and sustained enforcement of all aspects of the tobacco control legislation.	HSE	Compliance levels reviewed and legislative provisions with most non- compliance targeted.	On-going
Update 2014	The HSE's Environmental Health Service (EHS) inspection Complaints from the public, test purchasing and the interval of the second seco			
Update 2015				conferences slation within ement team. nmendations
Update 2016				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2017	As part of the Reconfiguration of the National Environ Operational Unit incorporating the National Tobacco O time specialist officers drawn from within the existing In addition, a National Tobacco Control Steering Comn and oversight and represent the Principal Environmen augmented in 2017 with the addition of two permane administration staff, and work commenced to procure Department of Health funding to assist in the impleme The EHS is continuing to develop and maintain the EH activity and to assist in targeting areas on non-complia the investigation of smoking shelters are prioritised in Standard operational protocols relating to tobacco we enforcement documentation were developed in relation Implementation commenced in relation to the Tobacco Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco Joint Action with other EU Member States commenced of the TPD in a uniform manner.	Control Office v resources of the nittee was estated tal Health Offint Senior Envire toxicological a entation of the Information Sy ance. Complate the EHS operator re reviewed aro on to the Toba o Products Dir o and Related	was established with full-time he National Environmental H ablished to provide strategic cers working at local level. Th ronmental Health Officers an and other support as a result to Tobacco Products Directive. ystem to capture tobacco ins ints from the public, test pur ational plan. Ind updated. New protocols a facco Products Directive activity rective as transposed by the Products) Regulations 2016 a	e and part- ealth Service. management ne Unit was id a Grade IV of pection chasing and nd ties. European as amended.
Update 2018	The HSE EHS is continuing to develop and maintain the tobacco inspection activity and to assist in targeting ar purchasing, and the investigation of smoking shelters a Information gathering and development of expertise in National Tobacco Control Operational Unit. Manufacturers and importers of refill containers in the with the requirements of the European Union (Manufa Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. Cross-Border Distance Sales applications for registratic Joint Action involvement with other EU Member State	eas of non-cor are prioritised n market surve e State were in acture, Presen on were proces	mpliance. Complaints from t in the EHS operational plan eillance was a priority in 2018 aspected in 2018 to check for itation and Sale of Tobacco a ssed.	he public, test for 2019. 3 for the compliance nd Related
Update 2019	The Environmental Health Information System (EHIS) of Acts 2002 as amended and regulations made thereund was enhanced to record additional aspects of SI 271 of service in targeting areas of non-compliance. The underlying ethos of the EH Business Plan 2019 wa Priority was given to investigating complaints, the insp A test purchasing mail shot initiative was developed to obligation in relation to sales to minors. A review of to Protocols were developed to support the functions of Joint Action involvement with other EU Member State Products Directive 2014/40/EU.	der and SI 271 f 2016 as ame s bringing area ection of smol communicate obacco control the National T	of 2016 as amended. Function nded. Data on EHIS was used as of non-compliance into co king shelters and tobacco tes e with tobacco retailers their I test purchase protocol was obacco Control Operational	onality on EHIS I to assist the mpliance. It purchasing. legal completed. Unit (NTCOU).

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2020	The Environmental Health Service (EHS) Operational Plan 2020 focused on bringing areas of non-compliance into compliance. Priority was given to investigating complaints, the inspection of smoking shelters and tobacco test purchasing. A test purchasing initiative letter was communicated to tobacco retailers outlining their legal obligation in relation to sales to minors. The Environmental Health Information System (EHIS) captures EHS activity under the Public Health (Tobacco) Acts 2002 as amended and regulations made thereunder, and SI 271 of 2016 as amended. Functionality on EHIS is continuously being reviewed and enhanced to ensure the sustained ability to record data in a consistent manner. Data from EHIS was used to assist the service in targeting areas of non-compliance. Protocols continued to be developed and reviewed to support the functions of the EHS. The participation of the EHS in Joint Action Tobacco Control 1 (JATC) with other Member States concluded in 2020 having delivered on relevant guidance documents to support the competent authorities.				
8.4	Develop special investigation capacity within the HSE's Environmental Health Service to assess compliance by tobacco manufacturers.	HSE	The reconfiguration of the Environmental Health Service will consider this recommendation.	Q2 2015	
Update 2014	In 2014, the EHS commenced a process for the develo with an increase in whole time equivalents (WTEs) dev undertake critical tasks to ensure there is assessment control legislation.	dicated to this	area of EHS activity. The uni	t will	
Update 2015	In 2015, the EHS finalised the process for the develop an increase in whole time equivalents (WTEs) dedicate activities in December 2015 and incorporates the EHS ensure there is assessment of compliance by tobacco priority for 2016 is the implementation of the require	ed to this area NTCO activitie manufacturers	of EHS activity. The unit comes. The unit will undertake cr s with tobacco control legislat	nmenced itical tasks to	
Update 2016	In 2016 the HSE National Environmental Health Servic commenced the implementation of the Tobacco Prod procedures to ensure consistency of enforcement.				
Update 2017	In 2017 the HSE National Environmental Health Service (EHS) National Tobacco Control Operational Unit continued the implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive (TPD) as transposed in the EU (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. An inspection and sampling programme was developed and implemented in respect of manufacturers and retailers of e-cigarettes and refill containers. A total of 30 inspections with related sampling of product were carried out in relation to e-cigarette and refill container manufacturers and retailers. One manufacturer of e-cigarettes and refill containers was inspected the remaining 4 manufacturers in the Republic of Ireland will be inspected by				
Update 2018	refill containers was inspected the remaining 4 manufacturers in the Republic of Ireland will be inspected by the Unit in 2018. In 2018 the HSE National Environmental Health Service (EHS) National Tobacco Control Operational Unit continued the implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive as transposed in the EU (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. An inspection and desktop assessment programme was developed and implemented in respect of manufacturers, importers, distributors and retailers of e-cigarettes and refill containers. A total of 58 inspections were carried out. There are currently no tobacco manufacturers in Ireland.				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2019	In 2019 the National Tobacco Control Operational Uni Products Directive as transposed in the EU (Manufacto Products) Regulations 2016 as amended. There are currently no tobacco manufacturers in Irelan distributors and retailers of e-cigarettes and refill cont Operational Unit (NTCOU). The State Laboratory are the designated laboratory in monoxide emissions.	ure, Presentat nd. 44 inspect ainers were u	ion and Sale of Tobacco and ions of manufacturers, impor ndertaken by the National Tc	Related rters, obacco Control
Update 2020	There are currently no tobacco manufacturers in Irelan 30 inspections of manufacturers, importers, distributo carried out by the National Tobacco Control Operation	ors and retaile	_	ntainers were
8.5	Introduce legislation for the publication of information in respect of any person on whom a fine, other penalty or conviction was imposed by a Court ('name and shame').	DOH TACU	Build on current HSE system for reporting on convictions and prosecutions via new Retail Licencing Bill.	See 8.7 to 8.12 below
Update 2014 - 2020	See 8.7 to 8.12 below	L	1	
8.6	Collaborate with other EU countries in relation to compliance measures for tobacco ingredient reporting.	DOH TACU	Engage with European Commission to facilitate the transposition of the Tobacco Products Directive	Initiate Q2 2014
Update 2014	The DOH TACU is actively engaged with the European Directive into Irish law by 20th May 2016	Commission	to develop regulations to trai	nspose the
Update 2015	The DOH TACU continues to be actively engaged with transpose the Directive into Irish law by 20th May 201		Commission to develop regu	ulations to
Update 2016	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco P EHS commenced a participatory process in the EU's Jo Member States to facilitate the implementation of the	roducts Direct int Action Pro	tive came into force on 20 Ma	ay 2016. The
Update 2017	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive came into force on 20 May 2016 and was amended in 2017. The EHS continued to participate in the EU's Joint Action Programme on Tobacco Control with other Member States to facilitate the implementation of the Directive. The DOH TACU continued its participation in the EU Expert Group on Tobacco Policy and its subgroups, including the sub-group on ingredients.			
Update 2018	A selection of boxed cigarettes and roll-your-own (RY) were purchased and shipped to a specified laboratory from other members states were to undergo assessme analysis with a view to assist in decisions on whether t particular, to assist with specification of the methodol characterising flavour.	in the EU. The ent of sensory the tobacco pr ogy in determ	ese products along with othe profiles and, where appropri oduct imparts a characterisir ining whether a tobacco prod	rs selected iate, chemical ng flavour. In duct has a
	The DOH TACU continued its participation in the EU Existence of the sub-group on ingredients.			
Update 2019	The HSE Environmental Health Service are collaboration member states.	ng in the Joint	Action on Tobacco Control w	vith other

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2020	DOH TACU continued its participation in the EU Expert Groups on Tobacco Policy and its subgroups, including the subgroups on ingredients and electronic cigarettes. EHS participation in the Joint Action on Tobacco Control EU programme concluded in 2020; the programme resulted in the production of guidance documents to support competent authorities in their work.				
	resulted in the production of guidance documents to s	support comp	etent authorities in their wor	к.	
8.7 - 8.12	Regulate the tobacco retail environment.	DOH TACU	Consider the implementation of recommendations 8.7 to 8.12 in the forthcoming Retail Licencing Bill.	 Initiate Q1 2014 Memo to Government Q2 2014 Public Consultation Q4 2014 Progress legislation Q1- Q4 2015 	
Update 2014	In June 2014, the Government approved the drafting of a General Scheme of a Bill to provide for introduction of a licensing system and other measures in relation to the sale of tobacco products and non-medicinal nicotine delivery systems, including e-cigarettes. The DOHC TACU initiated a public consultation on the legislation in December 2014, which will inform the Regulatory Impact Analysis and the drafting of the legislation.				
Update 2015	Public Consultation completed. Development of a RIA	and drafting	of the General Scheme of Bil	l underway.	
Update 2016	Drafting of RIA and the General Scheme of Bill underw	vay.			
Update 2017	Drafting of the RIA and the General Scheme of the Bill				
Update 2018	Consultation with relevant agencies and bodies took p General Scheme of the Bill continues.	lace. Drafting	of the Regulatory Impact An	alysis and the	
Update 2019					
	 - introduce a licensing system for the sale of (a) tobacco products and (b) nicotine inhaling products to include an annual fee per premises for the sale of such, in such an amount as may be determined by the Minister - prohibit the sale of tobacco products from self-service vending machines - prohibit the sale of tobacco products and nicotine inhaling products by those under 18 years - prohibit the sale of nicotine inhaling products to persons under 18 years (the sale of tobacco products at events/locations primarily intended for persons under 18 years - prohibit the sale of tobacco products at events/locations primarily intended for persons under 18 years - introduce fixed penalty notices (on the spot fines) for offences - provide for the publication of information in respect of any person on whom a fine, other penalty or conviction is imposed by a court ('name and shame') 				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
	The Minister has referred the General Scheme of the B legislative scrutiny. Parallel to the pre-legislative scrutiny process, the Min Counsel begin drafting the Bill in coordination with DC Government approval to publish the Bill and bring it b	ister formally)H. Once the E	requested the Office of Parlia Bill is drafted, the Minister wi	amentary
Update 2020	Work on the drafting of the Bill was curtailed due to Parliamentary Counsel due to COVID-19. Preparation the final quarter of 2020.			
Monitor tobac	cco use and prevalence			
9.1	An active research and survey programme on tobacco should be put in place to include areas such as supply and demand, prevention and treatment, exposure to second-hand smoke and industry marketing initiatives.	DOH TACU HSE DOH H&WB P	 Engage with key stakeholders to identify research requirement. Surveillance of tobacco use through HSE Tracker, Healthy Ireland and Health Behaviour in School Children Surveys. 	1.Initiate Q1 2015 2. Q2 2014 and on-going
9.2	This survey programme is to include a single, reliable and regular collation of smoking prevalence rates.	DOH TACU	Standardised survey questions on tobacco developed in conjunction with HSE and WHO	2014 and on- going
Update 2014	Ipsos MRBI was appointed to administer an annual He the development of baseline data at a national level of population 15 years and older. Questions relating to s questions relating to the consumption of electronic cig Prevalence Study, which commenced in 2014 includer questions as the Healthy Ireland Survey. Data from bo Fieldwork for the Health Behaviour in School-aged Chi by the WHO Collaborating Centre for Health Promotio of Ireland, Galway). Data on smoking were collected for available in 2015. The HSE National Tobacco Control Office (NTCO), con smoking prevalence report for 2014 was compiled in posted on the HSE's website. Prof David Hammond from the School of Public Health completed an evidence review for the DOH TACU on s The Tobacco Free Research Institute Ireland (TFRI) rec standardised packaging of tobacco packing among Iris cigarettes in the same population. Reports on both stu lottery funding to investigate the usefulness or otherw Fieldwork will commence in 2015. The Tobacco and Alcohol Control Unit submitted a ter in Ireland in 2014, to be completed in 2015.	on a range of h moking were a garettes were d the same sui th studies will ldren (2014) C n Research Sc or those betwe tinued the mo conjunction w tandardised p eived lottery f ch teenagers a udies will be a vise of the Alla	health and wellbeing indicato agreed with the HSE and WH included in the survey. The N ite of standardised smoking r be available in 2015. Collaborative Study was carrie hool of Health Sciences (National een 9 and 17 years and the re- conthly tracker survey in 2014 with the HSE's Health Intellige tems at the University of Wa backaging of tobacco product funding to test the perception and to investigate the use of e vailable in 2015. The TFRI also in Carr method in smoking ce	rs among the O. Additional lational Drug elated ed out in 2014 onal University esults will be A. An updated ence Unit and aterloo, Canada rs. hs of electronic o received essation.

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2015	Wave 1 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published a The Irish Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (H			vey.		
	The Tobacco Free Research Institute Ireland (TFRI) published their findings on the perceptions of standa packaging of tobacco packing among Irish teenagers and on the use of electronic cigarettes in the same population.					
	smoking prevalence report for 2015 was compiled in c	bacco Control Office (NTCO), continued the monthly tracker survey in 2015. An updated report for 2015 was compiled in conjunction with the HSE's Health Intelligence Unit and website. Research to evaluate the use of BISC training by 2nd year (60 GEMs) general entry ts in Connolly Hospital published.				
	Tender awarded to ICF International to carry out an as due for publication in 2016. Tender awarded to Tobacco Free Research Institute fo					
Update 2016	Wave 2 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published a assessment of the economic cost of smoking in Ireland published the ESPAD Report which was commissioned HSE tracker research survey including quarterly info-g site for 2016. A further analysis of prevalence, socio d used by smokers took place in 2016. A report on same	l was publishe l by the DOH. graphic type re emographic p	d. The Tobacco Free Researd Summary reports on the find ports have been published c atterns and type of tobacco	h Institute dings of the on the HSE web-		
Update 2017	Wave 3 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published a collection of baseline data to assist evaluate the impact HIQA published the HTA of smoking cessation interver Summary reports on the findings of the HSE tracker re reports have been published on the HSE web-site for 2 Point of Sale Tobacco and E Cigarettes (Po STEC) Surve knowledge, attitudes and shop controls with regard to	ct of standardi htions. esearch survey 2017. The HSE ey of retail cou	sed packaging. r including quarterly info-gra Environmental Health Servic nter staff to help ascertain le	phic type e undertook a evels of		
Update 2018	Summary reports on the findings of the HSE tracker re reports have been published on the HSE website for 2		including half yearly info-gra	aphic type		
	A qualitative research study concerning attitudes and out involving focus groups of transition year students See action 9.3 for a description of the full range of rese 2018.	in three secon	dary schools. Results are bei	ng analysed.		
	The Healthy Ireland Survey includes a smoking/tobacc from 23% of the population in 2015 and 2016 to 20% has reduced more sharply in wealthy areas than in the module on the impact of plain packaging has been inc the introduction of plain packaging will be published in	in 2018. Howe ose considerec luded. Results	ver, it is clear that the numb I disadvantaged. In 2018 and from this two -year study be	er of smokers d 2019, a		
	Wave 4 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published a Survey includes a smoking/tobacco use module every population in 2015 and 2016 to 20% in 2018 (Wave 4 number of smokers has reduced more sharply in weal 2018 and 2019 (Waves 4-5), a module on the impact of attitudes to plain packaging before and after full intro-	year. Smoking results). Howe thy areas than of plain packag	rates have reduced from 23 ver, it is clear from these res in those considered disadva ing has been included, desig	% of the sults that the intaged. In ned to capture		

no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
	after the introduction of plain packaging will be publ HBSC 2018 is complete, the report is due to be publi		-). Fieldwork for
	The DOH commenced engagement with the Central s smoking in Census 2021.	Statistics Office	in relation to the inclusion of	f a question on
Update 2019	 Wave 5 of the Healthy Ireland Survey was published in November 2019. Smoking data shows that the prevalence of smoking has dropped from 23% in 2015 to 17% in 2019 which means there are now an estimated 165,000 fewer smokers than there were five years ago. Plain packaging with health warnings, introduced under a new law in 2018, was cited by 25% of smokers as a good motivation to quit. 40% of smokers have made an attempt to quit, with health concerns being the prime motivator for people wanting to quit. In March 2019 the Census Advisory Group agreed to include a question on the smoking of tobacco in Census 2021. The recommendation of the Group was subsequently agreed by Government. The inclusion was the result of many months of work by the HSE and the Department to feature a question on smoking so that detailed information from the Census can contribute to the evidence base for current and future tobacco 			
Update 2020	control policy. Fieldwork on the Healthy Ireland Survey 2020 ceased insufficient interviews had been carried out at that st Fieldwork is currently underway for the 2021 Survey which will include smoking data. The Irish European Schools Project on Alcohol and Ot 2020. The ESPAD monitors trends among 15 and 16 use. The report was conducted by the TobaccoFree R and includes data for a total of 1,949 Irish students a	tage it was not and a report is ther Drugs (ESF year olds in alco tesearch Institu	possible to publish a report for expected to be published in P PAD) report was published in I phol and smoking and electro ite Ireland for the Departmen	or 2020. Q3-4 2021 November nic cigarette
9.3	Tobacco control measures should be continuously evaluated to ascertain impacts and outcomes.	DOH TACU HSE	Evaluation built in to all tobacco control measures and carried out as appropriate, e.g., Audit of tobacco free campus, tobacco control legislation, QUIT campaign, training in Brief Interventions and other measures and reported on. See 10.3 below.	
		HSE ampus sites in basis, measurir alence.	Evaluation built in to all tobacco control measures and carried out as appropriate, e.g., Audit of tobacco free campus, tobacco control legislation, QUIT campaign, training in Brief Interventions and other measures and reported on. See 10.3 below. 2014. ag online, phone and digital up	2014 and on- going ptake of ed in 2014.

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2015	Health Services are encouraged to self audit their toba Smokefree Healthcare Service Standards. The HSE QL measuring online, phone and digital uptake of suppor Ongoing evaluation of Brief Intervention for Smoking completion and publication of National BISC evaluatio use of BISC training by 2nd year (60 GEMs) general en	UIT Campaign t services, mes Cessation Trai n report in 20:	s evaluated on an ongoing b sage impacts and smoking p ning Programme continues. I L5. RCSI completed research	asis, revalence. Delay with the to evaluate
Update 2016	The RCSI completed a second year of training in BISC a Eve Holdings (Mental Health) implemented the HSE Th the new revised smoking cessation group support res satisfaction survey. The HSE QUIT Campaign was evalu digital uptake of support services, message impacts et targeting parents was evaluated and had 656K views, very high and positive engagement rate overall.	FC policy withi ource. HSE co uated on an or tc. The ban on	n all their services and evalua mpleted a QUIT service custo going basis, measuring onlin smoking in cars children's ca	ated the use of omer e, phone and mpaign
Update 2017	The HSE QUIT Campaign (new campaign 'I will Survive ongoing basis, measuring online, phone and digital up The HSE TFI Programme commenced a series of secon the Programme by providing a more comprehensive effects in Ireland. Three major datasets were examine Behaviour in School Aged Children and the Longitudin are due to be published May 2018. The HSE continues to support the 'We Can Quit2' (WC intervention for women living in disadvantaged areas. promising feasibility research conducted by members in CHO 9, north Dublin. In 2017 an application for rese successful so WCQ2 was extended from CHO 9 into CH feasibility and acceptability of trial processes in evalua (WCQ2), including randomisation of districts, recruitm usual care arms, for women who smoke, and are livin size estimates and design of a future definitive trial. The HSE TFI programme supported the planning and I and successfully saw it implemented in 2 Pre Assessm This was an action from the Healthy Ireland Implement This started with a base line audit of current practices Assessment services which was very useful to justify the substantial involving a total of 400 Health care record	atake of suppor idary analysis p understanding ed - Wave 1 He hal Study on Ag CQ2) programm WCQ1 was pr of the HSE test earch funding v HO 4 and CHO ating a commu- nent and data of g in disadvanta aunching of a ent services (in tration Plan fo regarding smo he programme	t services, message impacts orojects to inform, support and of tobacco use, its determin ealthy Ireland Survey [HIS], He eing [TILDA]. Two reports out ne which is a new smoking ce eviously developed and exan am with the Irish Cancer Soci- vas prepared, submitted and 7 as a pilot study which will co- nity based smoking cessation collection in both the intervel aged areas of Ireland, to infor- "QUIT before your Surgery" p a Louth Hospitals and Connol r the RCSI Hospitals Group fo oking cessation within these for and requirement for same.	etc. nd strengthen ants and its ealth tlining findings essation nined in ety using sites t was determine the n intervention ntion and rm the sample programme ly Hospital). rr Q2 2017. Pre

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
	The HSE published three research reports in 2018; The State of Tobacco Control describes current tobacco tobacco control measures in 2018 - https://www.hse.ie/eng/about/who/tobaccocontrol/t Youth Smoking in Ireland is a secondary analysis of the https://www.hse.ie/eng/about/who/tobaccocontrol/t Adult Smoking in Ireland is a secondary analysis of the https://www.hse.ie/eng/about/who/tobaccocontrol/t The programme also conducted a one month snap sho increased data such as gender, age, demographic prof provided and Nicotine Replacement Therapy use were practitioners and provided rich information on our ser capacity will be improved post full implementation of	cobaccofreeire Health Behave obaccofreeire TILDA and He obaccofreeire ot survey of int ile, medical ca captured. Thi vices for the S	eland/state-of-tobacco-contr viour in School Aged Childrer eland/youth-smoking-report. ealthy Ireland Wave 1 studies eland/adult-smoking-in-irelar censive cessation services wh rd status, referral source, typ is represented an increased o OTC report (please note cons	ol.pdf n Study - pdf - nd.pdf hereby pe of support data set for
	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme successfully Free Campus policy implementation in EVE services. Evervices for adults with mental health disabilities. In 20 implemented in 16 of these centres. This study explore the EVE community setting. It was conducted in line w provide qualitative data, integrating the views and exp to this programme's implementation. This study there staff and service users than that reported in the previous which can shape the process of implementation in rea https://www.hse.ie/eng/about/who/tobaccocontrol/op programme.pdf	engaged with VE, a program D16, the Quit S es the implement ith Medical Re periences of bo fore provides ous literature, I world menta	RCSI in a research evaluatio me within the HSE provides a smoking Programme (QSP) w entation of this quit smoking esearch Council guidelines, an oth service users and facilitat richer accounts of the experi taking full account of the cor I health services -	a network of as programme in nd aimed to ors in relation ences of both mplex issues
	An evaluation of the QUIT campaign was commissioned campaign performance. The research found that overa general smoking population compared to 2015 but wa awareness campaigns. Awareness was at 71% among the The research also found that usage of e-cigarettes amo use a QUIT service when quitting was low at 11%.	all, awareness s performing a the campaign'	of the campaign had decreas ahead of industry norms for s key target group- male C2D	sed among the public DE aged 24-44.
	The HSE TFI programme issued a a survey to the Commof the TFC policy. See actions 7.1/7.2 for more detail.		Organisations assessing the I	evel of update
Update 2019	An evaluation of the QUIT campaign (<i>I will Survive</i>) was assess campaign performance in 2019. Awareness levels (of the campaign) were high with 66 Having seen the ad, 1 in 3 people who smoke claimed to have quit smoking or cut down on the amount of ci- Almost 1 in 2 people who smoke said that they were li- engaging with QUIT services).	5% awareness I that they hac garettes smok	of the TV ad among the ger I interacted with the campai ed having seen the ad.	neral population. gn. 43% claimed
	The QUIT campaign worked closely with groups of peophase of the QUIT social marketing campaign. The new	v campaign Cu	<i>irated by You,</i> will launch in	2020.
	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme issued a sur assessing the level of implementation of the Tobacco F	ree Campus P	Policy. See sections 7.1/7.2 fo	r more detail.
	The Programme has an on-going quality assurance pro Services (QUIT phone service) against agreed standard		loring commissioned stop Sh	юкіпg

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2020	Due to COVID-19 it was not possible to conduct a formal evaluation of tobacco control measures. However, ongoing assessments of campaigns have continued.					
	A 20% increase was seen in the number people signin to Quit.ie. Market research on the Quit campaign four for 28 days having seen the campaign. Over one in the Quit, an increase of 14% on 2019.	nd that 1 in 4 p	people who smoke are going	to try to quit		
Protect people	e from tobacco smoke					
9.4	Develop and introduce legislation prohibiting smoking in cars where children are present, based on international evidence and good practice.	DOH TACU	Facilitate the progress of the Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Mechanically Propelled Vehicles) Bill 2014.	Complete Q1 2015		
9.5	Undertake a social marketing campaign focusing on the risks to children from exposure to second-hand smoke with particular reference to smoking in cars (and information on future legislation in this regard).	HSE	Await outcome of 9.4 and resources for same.	Initiate 2015		
Update 2014	The DOH TACU working in consultation with the Attor Department of Transport, Tourism and Sport, and the approved by Government to the Private Member's Bil Bill 2012". All Government-approved amendments bro of the Private Member's Bill in Seanad Éireann on the Following its passage through the Seanad, the legislati Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Me was passed by Dáil Éireann on 18th December and wa 2014. Regulations will be developed in 2015 in order t	Garda Síochái I "Protection o ought by the N 17th April 201 ion took the fo chanically Pro is signed into I	na developed amendments w of Children's Health from Tob Ainister were accepted during 14. orm of a stand-alone Bill, enti pelled Vehicles) Bill 2014. Th aw by the President on 25th	rhich were acco Smoke g Report Stage tled the e legislation		
Update 2015	Protection of Children's Health (Tobacco Smoke in Me developed in consultation with the Dept. of Justice an December 2015. A radio ad campaign and a you tube the Communications Division of the HSE with a view to	d An Garda Sid video were de	ochana and were signed by the veloped on the Department	ne Minister in		
Update 2016	Radio ad campaign and You tube video released in Jar legislation.	nuary 2016 to	increase public awareness of	the new		
Update 2017 - 2020	Legislation now in place.					
9.6	Monitor the effectiveness of the current smoke free legislation, including the review of existing exemptions and the monitoring of compliance with these provisions.	DOH TACU HSE	Joint DOH TACU and HSE group to review all tobacco control legislation quarterly.	Initiate Q4 2014		
Update 2014	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established in Q4 2014 to progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.27 and 9.28 in 2015. The group meets quarterly to review progress.					
	Quarterly meetings of this group continued in 2015.					
Update 2015	Quarterly meetings of this group continued in 2015.					

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2017	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control leg Standardised Packaging.	gislation focus	ed on the implementation of	the TPD and	
Update 2018	In April 2018, Miniser of State for Health Promotion Catherine Byrne responded to a Private Members Bill that proposed to extend the legislative base for the smoking ban to outdoor areas where food is consumed. Speaking on the Bill, Minister Byrne agreed that the the measures could be examined in the context of section 9.6 "after the legislative programme set out in Tobacco Free Ireland is completed and Ireland has both complied with its international obligations and introduced a comprehensive licensing system for the sale of tobacco products."				
Update 2019	Further engagement in relation to tobacco control legislation focused on the implementation of the TPD and Standardised Packaging is ongoing. The DOH remains committed to examining the measures included in the Private Members Bill proposed in 2018 which extend the legislative base for the smoking ban to outdoor areas where food is consumed, once the legislative programme set out is completed and Ireland has both complied with its international obligations and introduced a comprehensive licensing system for the sale of tobacco and nicotine inhaling products.				
Update 2020	DOH and HSE met in January to discuss the Public Hea			agement was	
Offen hele te a	disrupted for much of 2020 due to the impact of the C	OVID-19 pand	lemic.		
Offer help to q	uit tobacco use				
9.7	Identify a lead person with clear lines of responsibility for the co-ordination of smoking cessation services within the health service to ensure a national approach.	HSE	Lead in place.	Complete Q2 2014	
Update 2014	The HSE has appointed a lead to carry out this functio	n			
Update 2015 - 2020	HSE Smoking Cessation Service Lead continues to co-o	rdinate smoki	ng cessation services.		
9.8	Develop comprehensive national smoking cessation guidelines. These to include the minimum level of service provision that each service provider needs to have in place.	HSE	 Publish national standards for the intensive tobacco cessation support programme. Train all intensive tobacco cessation specialist staff in delivering behavioural support based on best practice and newly published standards. Assess minimum level of service provision with the implementation of the new integrated "one-stop" model QUIT service. 	 Publish in 2013. Online and face to face training to be commissioned for 2014. On-going through 2015 and 2016 	
Update 2014	National standards for intensive cessation services have been published. The intensive cessation service on-line training has been commissioned and was delivered to more than sixty staff during 2014. Two further face to face training courses in behavioural support were also delivered to sixty staff in 2014. An integrated "one-stop" model QUIT service was also developed in 2014.				
Update 2015	30 Staff trained as intensive tobacco cessation special staff). One stop model service mapping survey compl System Tender. QUIT at 4 week quality KPI develope in 2016.	eted in prepar	ation for the IT Patient Mana	gement	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2016	43 staff trained as intensive tobacco cessation speciali	ists in 2016. Q	UIT at 4 week quality KPI is 50	0% for 2016.	
Update 2017	16 staff trained as intensive tobacco specialist in 2017. QUIT at 4 week Quality KPI is 49% .				
Update 2018	A multidisciplinary guideline development group was established, with terms of reference to assist the HSE TFI programme in the development of national clinical practice guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of tobacco addiction and to provide advice on the implementation of such guidance. The development of this guideline has been approved for prioritisation by the Department of Health's National Clinical Effectiveness Committee (NCEC). Candidate guidelines from international guideline development centres have been selected, collated and appraised for adaptation, and will form the evidence-base, in addition to the up-to-date evidence analysed by HIQA in their recent HTA of smoking cessation interventions in Ireland.				
Update 2019	 The Clinical Guideline Development Group continued to meet in 2019. Clinical Guidelines have been drafted and will be released for stakeholder consultation pending the publication of an Evidence Review of E-Cigarettes which is being carried out by the Health Research Board. 30 staff trained as intensive tobacco cessation specialists in 2019. QUIT at 4 week KPI is 47% (i.e. 47% of those who enter into the standard stop smoking support treatment programme had quit at 4 weeks). 				
Update 2020	A consultation on the draft smoking cessation guidelines ran from 13 October to 6 November 2020; 33 submissions were made. The draft guidelines were also reviewed by two international experts (Dr Charlotta Pissinger, Denmark & Dr Ken Ward, USA). The Guideline Development Group reviewed feedback from the consultation and updates were made to guidelines as appropriate. An update of all evidence under-pinning the guidelines was also included. The Guideline Development Group is working with the National Patient Safety Office to finalise submission to the National Clinical Effectiveness Committee (NCEC).				
9.9	Undertake targeted approaches for specific groups, particularly young people, lower socioeconomic groups, pregnant and post-partum women and patients with cardiac and respiratory disorders.	HSE	Specialist smoking cessation staff trained to deal with specific groups. Referral pathways to support these groups via a "one-stop " model being developed.	Q2-Q4 2014 and on-going	
Update 2014	Specific training in relation to mental health and pregr modules on smoking in pregnancy and smoking and n A report on the uptake of this specialist training is due	nental health v	were commissioned and laun		
Update 2015	The National Centre for Smoking Cessation Training (UK) issued report on specialist training for 2015. 42 Staff trained in Mental Health specialist training module and 32 trained in the pregnancy and smoking module to end of December 2015. HSE staff continue to deliver and support the 'We Can Quit' smoking cessation programme in conjunction with the ICS. The programme targets women in disadvantaged communities in a number of areas. Smoking cessation in pregnancy to be included as part of forthcoming Maternity Strategy				
Update 2016	60 staff completed the online training module in 2010 Mental Health specialist module and 14 trained in the 2016. HSE staff continue to deliver and support the "V targets smokers from disadvantaged areas, in conjunc and 7 in 2016. National Maternity Strategy published support smoking cessation in pregnancy.	e pregnancy an Ve Can Quit" s ction with the	nd smoking module to end of moking cessation programme ICS. This programme extende	December e, which ed into CHO 4	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2017	54 staff completed the online training module in 2017 bringing the total number of staff trained in intensive cessation to 187. 14 Staff trained in the Mental Health specialist module and 9 trained in the pregnancy and smoking module to end of December 2017. HSE staff continue to deliver and support the "We Can Quit" smoking cessation programme, which targets smokers from disadvantaged areas, in conjunction with the ICS. In 2017 CHO 4 delivered 3 courses and CHO 9 delivered 4 courses. See action 9.3 for more details.					
Update 2018	 e 2018 62 staff completed the online training module in 2018 bringing the total number of staff trained in intensiv cessation to 249 (this doesn't not represent active cessation staff data). 7 Staff trained in the Mental Healt specialist module and 6 staff trained in the pregnancy and smoking module to end of December 2019. The TFI programme prepared and submitted two 'new service business case bids' for the resourcing of staff and development of services in mental health services and maternity services which unfortunately did not secure resourcing. The programme trained and secured a dedicated smoking cessation service from an existi addiction CNS in mental health services in one acute mental health unit in Galway. The HSE funds the agency 'spunout' a health and education web resource designated to young people. The smoking content was reviewed and updated and the tobacco content continues to be one of the highest vis pages overall. HSE staff continue to deliver and support the "We Can Quit" smoking cessation programme, which targets smokers from disadvantaged areas, in conjunction with the ICS. 23 women participated in the We Can Quit Programme in 2018. The TFI Programme and Women and Infants Health Programme collaborated this year to scope and agree a smoking cessation demonstrator project at a large maternity hospital. The Purpose of the project will be to establish a specific ante-natal intensive smoking cessation service as well as its outreach services to routinely treat tobacco addiction as a care issue in pregnancy. The project will demonstrate how intensive smoking 					
	cessation services can operate in the context of HSE of lessons to inform an evidence-based business case for			generate		
Update 2019	 39 staff completed the online training module in 2019 cessation to 336. 27 Staff trained in the Mental Health specialist module module to end of December 2019. 					
	The TFI Programme submitted an application to the SI dedicated midwifery led smoking cessation services at for 2 clinical midwifery specialist posts to provide dedi 2 maternity hospitals. Project groups to establish these Maternity Hospital and the National Maternity Hospital	5 large mater cated smoking e services have	nity hospitals. Funding was n cessation support for pregn	nade available ant women at		
	HSE staff continue to deliver and support the "We Can smokers from disadvantaged areas, in conjunction wit the We Can Quit Programme in 2019.			-		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2020	38 staff trained as intensive Stop Smoking Advisors in 2020 29 staff trained in the NCSCT Mental Health specialist module and 26 staff trained in the pregnancy and smoking module to end of December 2020.				
	Throughout 2020, the TFI Programme has worked in p guidance document on Smoking, Mental Health and R support mental health services in the implementation Health 2018-2020.	ecovery. This	guidance document is being	developed to	
	Dedicated, midwifery led stop smoking services have I National Maternity Hospital although they did not bec a delay in establishing routine BCO testing due to the Sláintecare maternity project, Supporting Women to C Community Healthcare.	come operatio	nal until late July 2020. There rol risk posed by COVID-19. A	e has also been similar	
	We Can Quit is a community based stop smoking programme for women living in areas of deprivation includes the delivery of free stop smoking medication. It has been coordinated by the Irish cancer So 2014 and was run with the support of the TFI programme and local stop smoking advisors. We Can C courses were delivered across 12 communities in Dublin (CHO's 7 and 9) and Cork (CHO 4). 196 wom registered for the programme across the 22 courses. The TFIP assumed responsibility for the coordinated the whole programme in July 2020 and resourced through agency a temporary coordinator post for				
	Local facilitators were supported to access standardise provided to help adapt courses to delivery online duri	ed HSE trainin	g and access to Quitmanager		
9.10	Develop a business case for a National Tobacco Cessation Service Patient Management System.	HSE		Initiate 2014 and progress 2015	
Update 2014	A business case was drafted in 2014 and will be will the	nen be submit	ted for approval in 2015.		
Update 2015	Business case with detailed costs completed and appr support tender process. New IT allocation from IT imp an IT perspective. First meeting with HP&I and IT held specification documentation.	plementation s	services allocated to drive th	e project from	
Update 2016	 Invitation to tender documentation developed and procurement process commenced. Closing date for tender applications set for October 2016. Procurement evaluation group established to appraise and rate tender responses received. Two tenderers successful progressed to the next stage. Demonstration of proposed system required from one of the tenderers took place in December 2016. 			e tender oposed system	
Update 2017				experience in	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
	Following input from key stakeholders (including exter of "super users") the QuitManager Core system was a Cessation services within the HSE and Quitline. Novem Community Services in Donegal, Sligo, Roscommon, Ke Hospital Services in Letterkenny University Hospital, Cu University Hospital Kerry. QuitManager will be deployed Significant challenges were encountered and overcom held by the system was in compliance with the new EU In 2019 a referral module will be developed whereby the hospital patient management system (MN-CMS) and Co	dapted and de ober 26th mar erry, Cork, Dul ork University ed nationally t e in order to e J General Data che QuitMana	essigned to meet the needs of ked go live in the National Qu blin South, Kildare, West Wick Hospital, Sligo University Hos hroughout 2019. ensure that all information an a Protection Regulations (GDF ger system will integrate with	the Smoking uit line, klow. Acute spital, and nd data to be PR).	
Update 2019	Remaining HSE Stop Smoking Services were added to the live system and training was provided to all system users. Data impact assessments were completed for a number of Stop Smoking Services located in voluntary hospitals with a new Key Performance Indicator report being developed within the system. Scoping for referral module commenced. Integrations with GP systems (Healthlink) and the Maternity patient management system (MN-CMS) were scoped and timeframes agreed.				
Update 2020					
9.11	Train all frontline healthcare workers to deliver interventions for smoking cessation as part of their routine work.	HSE	 Training targets set for number of staff to be trained in Brief Intervention Smoking Cessation HSE Annual Service Plan. Very Brief Advice on-line training to be offered to all staff. 	 2014 and on- going. Develop for 2015 	
Update 2014	Training targets set for the number of staff to be train Service Plan. The total number trained in 2014 was 1,3		ervention Smoking Cessation	HSE Annual	
Update 2015	The total number of front line staff trained in 2015 wa professional students. Negotiations re target number 2016. Overall target for 2016 is 1,350.		•		
Update 2016	The total number of front line staff trained in 2015 wa professional students.	s 1,306 plus a	n additional 431 undergradu	ate health	
Update 2017	The total number of front line staff trained in 2017 was 1076 plus an additional 625 undergraduate health professional students. 46 non HSE staff trained . The HSE TFI Making Every Contact Count (MECC) Tobacco knowledge reference group was established and the group input into the development of the national MECC programme and developed the tobacco component of the on-line programme and actively supported the development of the generic module. BISC will transition to MECC (Mid 2017).				
Update 2018	Brief Intervention in Smoking Cessation training was n 2018 due to the transition to MECC. However, BISC tra MECC training. In 2018, 97 HSE staff, 440 undergradua workers were trained in BISC.	ining was pro	vided upon request during th	ne transition to	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
-	The number of frontline staff taking up smoking cessa completed the Making Every Contact Count online tra the Making Every Contact Count face to face training	ining in 2019,	-			
	The scheme remains committed to emphasising health promotion in all contact with patients as a way of acquiring both short - term and long - term health benefits for those presenting.					
Update 2020	Making Every Contact Count training was available th eLearning training in 2020, with 130 HSE staff complete			ed the		
9.12	Examine evidence (national and international) regarding outcomes of the use of NRT and other approaches.	DOH TACU	Engage with key stakeholders with a view to carrying out an evidence based review or health technology assessment on NRT and other smoking cessation approaches.	Initiate Q2 2014		
Update 2014	Preliminary discussions held with the Health and Qua Health Technology Assessment of smoking cessation r			ilitating an		
Update 2015	Preparatory work on the smoking cessation Health Te	chnology Asse	ssment initiated			
Update 2016	HIQA and DOH agreed terms of reference for the HTA assessment. An Expert Advisory Group was convened December 2016 for public consultation early in 2017.			-		
Update 2017	HIQA published the Health Technology assessment of smoking cessation interventions - available at: https://www.hiqa.ie/reports-and-publications/health-technology-assessment/hta-smoking-cessation- interventions. The HSE TFI Programme team inputted into all development stages of the Health Technology Assessment for Smoking Cessation.					
Update 2018	Any new evidence produced regarding the use of NRT reviewed.	and other ap	proaches continues to be gat	nered and		
Update 2019	Electronic cigarettes have become an increasingly pop be monitored by DOH.	oular product i	n Ireland in recent years and	continues to		
	The research on e-cigarettes is also rapidly evolving. In Health Research Board to undertake a review and ass will examine the evidence in relation to the health han smoking cessation. The evidence review is expected t	essment of mo ms of e-cigare	pre recent evidence on e-ciga ettes and their effectiveness a	rettes which		
Update 2020	In October 2020 the Health Research Board published their findings of a review of the evidence on the health harms of e-cigarettes, their effectiveness as an aid to smoking cessation and whether they act as a gateway to smoking tobacco products. The review can be found here: https://www.hrb.ie/publications/publication/electronic-cigarette-and-smoking-cessation-an-evidence-review/					
9.13	Establish a regulatory framework for nicotine products in the context of discussions at EU level.	DOH TACU	 Retail Licencing Bill to include non-medicinal nicotine products. Implementation of EU Tobacco Products Directive. 	See 8.7 to 8.12 above		
Update 2014	See 8.6 to 8.12 above.					
Update 2015	See 8.6 to 8.12 above.					

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no. Update 2016	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive came into force on 20 May 2016. The Department continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement.					
Update 2017	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive came into force on 20 May 2016 were amended in 2017. The DOH TACU continues its participation in the EU Expert Group on Tobacco Policy and its subgroups to facilitate the implementation and enforcement of the regulatory framework for nicotine products.					
Update 2018	The DOH TACU continues its participation in the EU Ex ingredients and e-cigarettes, to facilitate the impleme nicotine products.					
Update 2019	The Department of Health Tobacco and Alcohol Control Unit continues its participation in the EU Expert Group on Tobacco Policy and its subgroups on ingredients and e-cigarettes to facilitate the implementation and enforcement of the regulatory framework for nicotine products.					
	See 8.7 to 8.12 for update on the Public Health (Tobac	co and Nicotir	ne Inhaling Products) Bill			
Update 2020	The Tobacco Products Directive is currently being revi- Health and HSE contributed to questionnaires and sur Directive on a number of occasions in 2020. DOH and Tobacco policy and its subgroups in 2020.	veys on the im	plementation and functionin	ng of the		
9.14	Increase investment in mass media quit campaigns.	HSE	Significant increase in investment secured for QUIT campaign, subject to continuous evaluation.	2014 and on- going		
Update 2014	Funding for the HSE QUIT Campaign increased from € funding, matched with the strong messages of the car and responses from smokers.					
Update 2015	QUIT.ie Phase II completed, including extension of quit plan, introduction of community section, quit heroes app development. 11.5K quit plan sign-ups in 2015.					
Update 2016	€1.65m invested in QUIT campaign in 2016 an increas sign up increased by 23%, calls to the quit team up by and 7% of visitors from Facebook signed up for a quit quit plan. Research showed that the media messaging year and the focus during mid-late 2016 was the deve Planning for new campaign development took place la	22%. QUIT's f plan. A furthei g was coming o lopment of a r	an base on Facebook grew b r 7% of visitors from twitter s close to wear out towards the	y 4% in 2016 igned up for a e end of the		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2017	 €1.67m invested in QUIT campaign in 2017, an increcreative). The HSE ran the 'Pauline Quit campaign' be extensive work on the development of the new TV ad casting to filming; culminating in its launch on April 6th Review of 2017 QUIT Campaign Date range: January 1st - December 31st, 2017 v's Ja 2017 QUIT Analytics 245,430 visits - ↑6% on 2016 26% (63k) of visits to quit.ie came from Facebook professories access the website using a mobile device Reduction of 10% in Quit Plan Sign ups – 12,629 in 2015 59% new visitors (similar to 2016) Majority of visitors are female - male visitors ↑1% ir Top 3 sources for signups: Social (30%), Direct (25%) 	tween Januar l and campaig n 2017. nuary 1st - De omoted posts ce 017 v's 14,056 n 2017, now ac	y and March 2017 and at th n 'I will Survive' from concep cember 31st, 2016 5 in 2016 ccount for 34% of all visitors	e same time did		
	The new HSE Quit Smoking TV ad, which aired first in April, won two separate international awards this year. In September, it won four awards, including two in the prestigious international category at the 2017 Kinsale Sharks International festival of Creativity. In November, it achieved a bronze in the Public Interest Category of the 2017 Epica awards. A further accolade is the fact that the New York State Department of Health Bureau of Tobacco Control will air the HSE's award winning TV advert 'I will Survive; Quit Smoking', from Jan. 1 2018 across New York City and the rest of the state.					
Update 2018	 €1.5m was invested in QUIT campaign in 2018. This was however 2017 spend included the creative developmer Review of 2018 QUIT Campaign: 235,150 visits – decrease of 4% on 2017 30% (71K) of these visits were from Facebook promotion 72% of visitors are using a mobile device to access Q 64% of visitors to QUIT.ie in 2018 were categorised at 26% decrease in the number of Quit Plan sign ups compared were activated Quit plan accounts, a decrease of 34 Top 3 sources for signups were Social (30%) direct (2005) 	ent of the new oted posts. UIT.ie as new visitors ompared to 20 % compared t	TV campaign. , up 8% since 2017. 17 o 2017 (11,237).	to 2017;		
	The HSE ran the 'I will survive' TV campaign throughout the year and launched, 'Emotions' a new radio campaign which asked smokers what they need to feel before they quit. The Department of Public Health in Vermont requested permission to use the 'I will survive' advertisement in 2019. New out of home creative was developed in November/Dec for the January 2019 burst of the Quit campaign. The Quit campaign developed new online facebook content (using content from existing face to face group support resources and made these suitable for a digital format). This new potential service support option was piloted with 3 closed facebook groups from September - December 2018. The evaluation of this programme is underway.					

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
	 €1.8 million was invested in the QUIT campaign in 201 compared to 2018. Review of the 2019 QUIT Campaign: •238,678 visits to quit.ie – increase of 1.5% on 2018 •168,851 unique visitors to quit.ie • 2,388 lead generations through Facebook •4,016 calls to the QUIT line phone service •6,500 activated QUIT Plan accounts Extensive consultation took place with smokers from sA creative agency was appointed to develop a new TV A number of creative concepts were tested with the FA TV ad, a number of radio ads and supporting prom December for launch in January 2020. The central theme running through the new QUIT cam to quit for good . 	pecific target advert follow target audien otional mater	population groups. ing a tender process. ce and the Curated By You a ial were developed and filme	d was chosen. ed/recorded in
Update 2020	€1.7 million was invested in the QUIT campaign in 202 Programme launched a new QUIT marketing campaig The first QUIT month was held in March (until mid - M COVID-19 pandemic), encouraging people across the of help people on their 28 day quit journey and beyond. articles as they quit with support from the Quit Service around Ireland in February and early March 2020. During the summer of 2020, some further focus testin to assess tone and acceptability in a post COVID enviro describing their quitting journey during the lockdown activity taking place online in line with COVID-19 restri Quit campaign activity for 2020 included: • 290,857 visits to Quit.ie • 197,481 unique visitors to Quit.ie • 7,755 activated Quit plans • 4,236 calls to Quitline Service • 2,768 leads generated through Facebook	n, called <i>The L</i> larch when th country to qui Five Quit lead e. The HSE rar g of the camp poment. New periods. A sec	ast Stop in January 2020. Se e campaign was halted due to t together and provided tools ders were followed through w a QUIT road show in shoppi haign messaging and assets w content was created with the	e Section 9.3. o the emerging and tips to ideos and ng centres as carried out e QUIT leaders
9.15	Advocate for the removal of VAT from NRT	DOH TACU	Discuss with Department of Finance the feasibility of minimising the rate of VAT on NRT patches subject to the EU VAT. Directive	Q1 2015
Update 2014	Scheduled for action in 2015.	I		
Update 2015 - 2020	Not possible at this juncture to introduce a different V	AT rate for NI	RT products as per the EU VA	T Directive
9.16	Make NRT more widely available, including in outlets where tobacco products are sold.	DOH TACU	The Health Products Regulatory Authority (HPRA), formerly the Irish Medicines Board has authorised an NRT product	Initiate Q3 2014 and on going
Update 2014- 2020	The Health Products Regulatory Authority (HPRA), forr products to be sold in general retail and grocery outle			

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
no. Warn about th	e dangers of tobacco			
		1		1
9.17	Increase investment in social marketing campaigns to warn about the dangers of tobacco.	HSE	See 9.14 above.	2014 and on- going
Update 2014- 2020	See 9.14 and 7.2 above			
9.18	Enhance educational initiatives aimed at preventing young people from starting to smoke, in line with best international practice within the Healthy Ireland framework.	DOH H&W P	DOH H&WB P engaging with Dept. of Education and Skills to ensure an effective approach to health and wellbeing. Also leading out on implementation of Outcome 1- Active and Healthy, Physical and Mental Wellbeing in Better Outcomes, Brighter Futures.	2014 and on- going
Update 2014	See 7.4 above			
Update 2015	See 7.4 above			
Update 2016	DOH H&WBP working with Dept. of Education and Ski	lls on Wellbeir	ng Curriculum	
Update 2017	The Department of Education and Skills (DES) introduc (encompassing the subjects SPHE, PE and CSPE) from Wellbeing area encompasses learning opportunities to wellbeing of students, and enable them to build life sl choices. including not starting to smoke. The DOH H&WP, in collaboration with HSE Education health and wellbeing is supported in school settings a aligned with the Junior Cycle Wellbeing Guidelines.	September 20 o enhance the kills including t team, continu	17 in the new Junior Cycle Fra physical, mental, emotional hose needed to make positiv e to work closely with DES to	amework. The and social e health o ensuring that
Update 2018	DOH H&WBP continues to engage with DES on a num Committee, the Active Schools Flag Programme and the of the Senior Cycle PE Framework.			-
Update 2019	The HSE Education Team offer training to teachers to Process, aimed at promoting wellbeing among studen Department of Education and Skills on an annual basi being reviewed and it is envisaged that the new Curric consultation on the new Primary Curriculum Framewor DOH H&WBP continues to engage with DES on a num Committee, the Active Schools Flag Programme and th of the Senior Cycle PE Framework.	ts, and the tra s. The Primary culum will incl ork will take pl ber of matters	ining calendar is agreed with School Curriculum is in the p ude Wellbeing as a core subje ace in 2020 5, including the Interagency W	the rocess of ect. A public /ellbeing
	The TFI Programme developed 5 new lessons on toba Junior Cycle SPHE curriculum in 2020/2021.	cco and e-ciga	rette use for pilot testing wit	h the new

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2020	New activities on tobacco have been developed as par module of the Junior Cycle SPHE resource, aimed at fir second hand smoking, the contents of nicotine and ge smoking. Healthy Choices 1 is available here: https://v education-programme/junior-cycle-sphe-training-reso learning.pdf The TFI Programme has also worked with the Educatio session to be incorporated into the newly redeveloped provides information and resources for early learning for services involved to become publicly recognised as	rst year studer neral myths a www.hse.ie/ep purces/healthy on Programme d Healthy Irela and care staff	nts. Activities focus on the da nd facts on the short-term co ng/about/who/healthwellbei -choices/healthy-choices-un to develop a tobacco free in nd Smart Start (HISS) Program and services and provides ar	ingers of insequences of ing/hse- it-of- formation nme. HISS nopportunity	
9.19	Monitor the implementation of regulations for pictorial warnings.	1.DOH TACU 2. HSE	Joint DOH TACU and HSE group to review all tobacco control legislation quarterly.	Initiate Q4 2014	
Update 2014	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established 2015. The group meets quarterly to review progress.	in Q4 2014 to	progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.2	7 and 9.28 in	
Update 2015	The joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group met quarterly. An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty paid cigarettes obtained by the Revenue Commissioners as part of the Illicit Trade survey was undertaken, with the specific remit of assessing compliance with the requirement of pictorial warnings regulation. Warning rotation was found to be in compliance with legal requirements.				
Update 2016	The joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group met on a regular basis during 2016. An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty paid cigarettes obtained by the Revenue Commissioners as part of the Illicit Trade survey was undertaken, with the specific remit of assessing compliance with the requirement of pictorial warning regulations. In 2016 only 3 out of the Irish Duty Paid cohort of 494 packs were found to be non-compliant representing a 99.4% compliance rate. This shows an increase in the compliance rate from 97% in 2014 and 98% in 2015.				
Update 2017	An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty p was undertaken, with the specific remit of assessing co regulations.	-	-		
Update 2018	An examination and report on a cohort of Irish Duty p Trade survey was undertaken, which included assessir pictorial warnings.	-			
Update 2019	An examination on a cohort of Irish Duty paid cigarettes and RYO packs obtained as part of the Illicit Trade survey was undertaken with particular reference to compliance with the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 and regulations made thereunder. This survey indicated a high level of compliance with health warnings and Standardised packaging requirements. The HSE Environmental Health Service are collaborating in the Joint Action on Tobacco Control with other				
	member states.				
Update 2020	The National Tobacco Control Operational Unit undertook an examination on a cohort of Irish Duty paid cigarettes and RYO packs obtained as part of the Illicit Trade survey with particular reference to compliance with the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 and regulations made thereunder. The findings of this survey indicated a very high level of compliance with pictorial warnings, health warnings and standardised packaging requirements.				
9.20	Undertake continued evaluation of campaigns and programmes.	1.DOH TACU 2. HSE	See 9.3.	2014 and on- going	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
	See 9.1, 9.3 and 9.14 above	<u> </u>		<u></u>	
Enforce bans o	n tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship				
9.21	Continued implementation and monitoring of the national inspection programme is required in order to ensure compliance with all tobacco legislation.	HSE	See 8.1.	2014 and on- going	
Update 2014	See 8.1 above				
Update 2015	See 8.1 above				
Update 2016	The EHS through its National Tobacco Unit Operation Environmental Health Officers and local teams contir be consolidated in 2017 to meet the requirements of t	nues to mainta	ain an inspection programme	-	
Update 2017	The EHS through its National Tobacco Unit Operational Unit and Steering Committee together with its Principal Environmental Health Officers and local teams continues to maintain an inspection programme. Resources were provided in 2017 to meet a limited enforcement of the requirements of the Tobacco Products Directive 2014.				
Update 2018	The EHS through its National Tobacco Unit Operationa Environmental Health Officers and local teams continu			th its Principal	
Update 2019	The EHS continues to maintain an active tobacco control inspection programme. In 2019 the HSE National Environmental Health Service (EHS) Tobacco Control Inspection Programme carried out 15,043 inspections, with a compliance rate of 82%. The KPI target for 2019 was 384 test purchase inspections. 467 test purchase inspections were carried out with a compliance rate of 86.5%. 43 convictions were secured in respect of non-compliance with the Public Health (Tobacco) Acts 2002 as amended and regulations made thereunder. HSE continues to publish a convictions report quarterly on the HSE website. A total of 115 complaints were received and investigated by the EHS, 98 of these related to tobacco control				
Update 2020	 complaints, while 17 related to Tobacco Products Directive. In 2020 a total of 58 complaints in relation to the Tobacco Products Directive were received, risk assessed and investigated by the National Tobacco Control Operational Unit. In 2020 the HSE National Environmental Health Service (EHS) Tobacco Control Inspection Programme carried out the following: 58 test purchase inspections were carried out of which 56 were compliant, representing 96.5% compliance. The KPI target of 384 initial test purchase inspections for 2020 was not met as test purchases were suspended due to COVID-19. 18 convictions were secured in respect of prosecution cases taken for non-compliance with the prohibition of smoking and the provision of signage in workplaces, and sales of tobacco products to minors. 				
9.22	Review existing legislation to ensure that it is fit for purpose to deal with new and emerging measures	1.DOH TACU 2. HSE	Joint DOH TACU and HSE group to review all tobacco control legislation	Initiate Q4 2014	
	and marketing programmes adopted by the tobacco industry.		quarterly.		
Update 2014			quarterly.	7 and 9.28 in	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2016	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established in Q4 2014 to progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.27 and 9.28 in 2015. The group meets quarterly to review progress. In 2016 these meetings focussed on the introduction of The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016)					
Update 2017	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control leg Standardised Packaging.	gislation focus	ed on the implementation of	the TPD and		
Update 2018	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control legislation focused on the implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive and Standardised Packaging.					
Update 2019 Update 2020	Ongoing engagement between DoH and HSE in relation implementation of the Tobacco Products Directive and Inhaling Products) legislation. Engagement between DOH and HSE in relation to toba	d the propose	d Public Health (Tobacco and	Nicotine		
	disrupted by COVID-19.					
9.23	Robustly defend the legal challenge by the tobacco industry to the point of sale measures introduced in 2009.	DOH TACU	Await further developments in this area.	On-going		
Update 2014 - 2020	On-going					
9.24	Develop legislation for the introduction of standardised/plain packaging for tobacco products.	DOH TACU	Facilitate the progress of the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Bill 2014.	Complete Oireachtas process Q1 2015 and commence legislation in line with Tobacco Products		
Update 2014	In June 2014, Government approved the publication of the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Bill 2014 and the presentation of the Bill in Seanad Éireann. The Bill was passed by the Seanad in June and completed Second Stage in Dáil Éireann on 2nd October 2014. Formal notification of the publication of the Bill was made to the European Commission and to Member States under the EU Technical Standards Directive (98/34/EC) and the Tobacco Products Directive (2014/40/EU) and to the World Trade Organisation under the Technical Barriers to Trade Agreement in June 2014. The Commission and Member States had until 18th September to comment or provide detailed opinions on the proposed measures under the Technical Standards Directive. As detailed opinions were received, the standstill period increased by a further three months, i.e. until 18th December 2014. The legislative process cannot continue until after the standstill period.					
Update 2015	Ireland responded to the Commission in relation to the the Standardised packaging legislation under the EU T went through the Houses of the Oireachtas and was s (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill 2015 seeks to amend t 2015 . The amendments to the Act of 2015 allow for a tobacco products, some of which are of a technical ar basic information to the consumer. Regulations were and were forwarded t the Commission under the EU T challenge to the Public Health (Standardised Packagin Tobacco Ireland Limited (JTI) against the State, which Ireland Limited-v-Minister for Health, Ireland, and The	echnical Stand igned by the P he Public Heal dditional elen nd practical na developed un echnical Stand g of Tobacco) is being robus	lards Directive (98/34/EC). The resident in March 2015. Part th (Standardised Packaging o nents to be included on retail ture and some of which seek der the standardised packagi dards Directive in November. Act 2015 was initiated on be tly defended. A final decision	he legislation t 5 of Health f Tobacco) Act packaging of to provide ng legislation A legal chalf of Japan		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
Update 2016	its passage through the Seanad in 2017. The legal challenge (above) on behalf of JTI was struck out in November, 2016.					
Update 2017	The Commencement Orders for the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 and the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Regulations 2017 were signed in 2017 and came into operation on the 30th. September 2017. The legislation introduced measures relating to the retail packaging of cigarettes, roll-your-own tobacco and all other tobacco products including the colour of packaging, ban on the use of images, logos or text on packs except health warnings and brand names, etc. All tobacco products manufactured for sale in Ireland from 30th September 2017 must be in standardised retail packaging. Any products manufactured and placed on the market before that date will be permitted to stay on the market for a 12 month period i.e. until 30th September, 2018.					
Jpdate 2018	Legislation now in place.					
Update 2019	In 2019, in anticipation of the five - year anniversary c legislation was carried out by the Unit. The review fou that the legislation had become established tobacco c	nd the regulat	-			
	 your own packs obtained as part of the annual Illicit Trade survey in conjunction with the National Tobacco Control Operational Unit of the Environmental Health Service Office and the Revenue Commissioners, undertaken with particular reference to the Public Health (Standardised Packaging of Tobacco) Act 2015 as regulations made thereunder. The Report found a high level of compliance with the legislation. Approval of the legislation among the general public has also been found to be high. The Healthy Ireland Survey 2019 found the following: 73% of the population approve of the plain packaging legislation. 71% of those interviewed in the previo wave approved of the legislation. While smokers are less likely than non-smokers to approve of the legislation (63% and 76% respectively) smokers' level of approval has not changed since the introduction of the legislation. 					
Update 2020	Legislation now in place.					
9.25	Work with the EU to ensure successful implementation of the proposed revision of the Tobacco Products Directive.	DOH TACU	Engage with European Commission to facilitate the transposition of the Tobacco Products Directive by May 2016.	Initiate Q2 2014		
Update 2014	See 8.6 above	L				
Update 2015	See 8.6 above					
Update 2016	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive came into force on 20 May 2016. The Department continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement.					
Update 2017	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco P 2017). The DOH TACU continues to engage with the E implementation and enforcement of the Directive. TH EU Commission Implementing Acts on tobacco traceal Acts were adopted by the EU Commission in Decembe	roducts Direct uropean Com IE DOH TACU pility and secu	tive was amended in 2017 (S. mission and the HSE in relation participated in the developme	l. No. 252 of on to ent of further		

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2018	The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to the implementation and enforcement of the Directive. EU Commission Delegated Regulation 2018/574 and EU Commission Implementing Decision 2018/576 provide, through secondary legislation, for the details of an EU - wide traceability and security features system for all unit packets of tobacco products manufactured in or imported into the Union. The aim of the system is to fight illicit trade in tobacco products. Work by DOH TACU to draft legislation to implement Delegated Regulation 2018/576 in Irish law by amending the European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) is ongoing.				
Update 2019	The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to the implementation and enforcement of the Directive. Work by DOH TACU, in consultation with the Office of the Revenue Commissioners, to finalise draft legislation to implement Delegated Regulation 2018/574 and Implementing Decision 2018/576 in Irish law by amending the European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) is ongoing.				
Update 2020	The DOH TACU engages with the European Commission and the national competent authorities for the Tobacco Products Directive (TPD), the HSE and the Office of the Revenue Commissioners in relation to its implementation and enforcement.				
9.26	Work with media regulators and the entertainment industry around the portrayal of smoking in the media.	DOH TACU	Review the portrayal of smoking in national media.	Initiate Q1 2015	
Update 2014	Scheduled to commence in 2015				
Update 2015	Worked with Advertising Standards Authority in Irela	nd on advertis	ing codes for e-cigarettes.		
Update 2016- 2020	Advertising code now in place for e-cigarettes.				
9.27	Monitor developments in relation to brand stretching at a global and European level.	DOH TACU	Monitor tobacco industry activity in conjunction with WHO FCTC and European Commission and review accordingly.	On-going	
9.28	Examine and monitor the existing tobacco legislation to ensure that it is inclusive of contemporary forms of communications.	1.DOH TACU 2. HSE	Joint DOH TACU and HSE group to review all tobacco control legislation quarterly.	Initiate Q4 2014	
Update 2014	A joint DOH TACU and HSE EHS group was established	in Q4 2014 to	progress 9.6, 9.19, 9.22, 9.2	7 and 9.28 in	
Update 2015	2015. The group meets quarterly to review progress. As above for Update 2014.				
Update 2016	As above for Update 2015.				
Update 2017	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control leg Products Directive and Standardised Packaging.	gislation focus	ed on the implementation of	the Tobacco	
Update 2018	Ongoing engagement in relation to tobacco control le Products Directive and Standardised Packaging.	gislation focus	ed on the implementation of	the Tobacco	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2019	In 2019 the Department proceeded with developing legislation centred on the introduction of a new licensing system for both the retail sale of tobacco products and nicotine inhaling products. The Department has noted with concern the increasing trend of the tobacco industry investing in electronic cigarette companies as the public continues to turn away from tobacco products.				
	DOH continues to monitor the domestic and internati evidence review by the Health Research Board examin cigarettes and their effectiveness as an aid to smoking	ne the evidenc	e in relation to the health ha	rms of e-	
Update 2020	In October 2020 the Health Research Board published harms of e-cigarettes: https://www.hrb.ie/publication an-evidence-review/	-			
	The findings align with previous international assessm conclusion that more research is needed to understar provisions in the Public Health (Tobacco and Nicotine to persons under 18 and to provide for a licensing sys	nd longer term Inhaling Produ	effects. The findings support ucts) Bill to prohibit the sale o	the	
Raise taxes on	tobacco products				
9.29	The Departments of Health and Finance and the Office of the Revenue Commissioners are to work in closer collaboration in relation to fiscal matters relating to tobacco and on measures to reduce the illicit trade of tobacco.	DOH TACU	Engage with Department of Finance and Revenue Commissioners.	2014 and on- going	
Update 2014 - 2017	Engagement on - going	l			
Update 2018	Officials from DOH TACU and the Office of the Revenue Commissioners participate in meetings of the EU Expert Sub-group on Traceability and Security Features. The Office of the Revenue Commissioners, as competent authority for the traceability and security features system, is responsible for overseeing the implementation of the system while DOH TACU is drafting the necessary accompanying legislation.				
Update 2019	Officials from DOH TACU and the Office of the Revenu the EU Expert Sub-group on Traceability and Security system applying to cigarettes and roll-your-own tobac Revenue Commissioners, as competent authority, was Ireland and has oversight of the system. DOH TACU is consultation with the Office of the Revenue Commissi	Features. The too became op s responsible f finalising the r	EU-wide traceability and secu perational on 20 May 2019. Th or the development of the sy	rity features ne Office of the stem in	
	TACU worked with the Department of Finance to provelating to tobacco products and novel products.	ride input on B	Budget 2020 Tax Strategy Gro	up Papers	
Update 2020	DOH TACU provided input on the public health aspects of taxation of tobacco products and novel products for inclusion in the Budget 2021 Tax Strategy Group Papers.				
	DOH TACU and the Office of the Revenue Commissioners continue to participate in meetings of the EU Expert Subgroup on the Traceability and Security Features Systems.				
9.30	Annual excise duty increases on tobacco products should be applied over a continuous five year period.	DOH TACU	DOH TACU to discuss this recommendation with the Dept. of Finance.	2014 and on- going	
9.31	Increase duty on roll-your-own and other tobacco products to reduce the price differential between cigarettes and other tobacco products.	DOH TACU	DOH TACU to advocate for such increases.	2014 and on- going	
Update 2014	In Budget 2015 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigar rata increase on the other tobacco products, with effe roll-your-own tobacco was increased by an additional midnight on 14 October 2014.	ect from midni	ght on 14 October 2014. The	excise duty on	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2015	In Budget 2016 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigar rata increases for other tobacco products with effect f		-	VAT, with pro	
Update 2016	In Budget 2017 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigar rata increase on the other tobacco products, with effe			/AT) with a pro-	
Update 2017	In Budget 2018 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigar rata increase on other tobacco products, and an addit effect from midnight on 10 October 2017.				
Update 2018	In Budget 2019 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigarettes was increased by 50 cent (including VAT) with a pro- rata increase on other tobacco products. Excise duty on roll-your-own tobacco was increased by 25 cent. In addition, the minimum excise duty on tobacco products was increased so that all cigarettes sold below €11 now have the same excise applied as cigarettes sold at €11 or over. This took effect from midnight on 9 October 2018.				
Update 2019	In Budget 2020 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigarettes was increased by 50 cent (including VAT) with a pro- rata increase on other tobacco products. This increase brings the price of cigarettes in the most popular price category to €13.50. This took effect from midnight on 10 October 2019.				
Update 2020	In Budget 2021 the excise duty on a packet of 20 cigarettes was increased by 50 cent (including VAT) with a pro- rata increase on other tobacco products. This increase brings the price of cigarettes in the most popular price category to €14. This took effect from midnight on 10 October 2020.				
9.32	Remove tobacco from the consumer price index.	DOH TACU	Discuss with Central Statistics Office and other relevant bodies.	Initiate Q1 2015	
9.33	Introduce a tobacco industry levy or similar mechanism which could be ring fenced to fund health promotion and tobacco control initiatives including support to end the illegal trade.	DOH TACU	Discuss with Department of Finance.	Initiate Q1 2015	
9.34	Consider the introduction of an environmental levy in the context of the Government's waste policy "A Resource Opportunity", the application of economic instruments and the review of producer responsibility.	DOH TACU	Discuss with Department of the Environment, Community and Local Government.	Initiate Q1 2016	
Update 2014	9.32 and 9.33 scheduled for 2015 and 9.34 scheduled	for 2016	I		
Update 2015	Not significantly advanced in 2015 due to competing p	priorities.			
- Update 2016 2018	Levy initiative not being pursued by Department of Fir Corporation Tax structure.	nance on acco	unt of potential difficulties w	ith	
Update 2019	In December 2019 the Department of Communications, Climate Change and Environment initiated a public consultation on a new Waste Action Plan for Ireland. Using DIRECTIVE (EU) 2019/904, commonly referred to as the Single Use Plastics Directive (SUP) which is to be transposed into Irish law by 3 July 2021, Ireland will be expanding Extended Producer Responsibility for the manufacturers of tobacco products and commit to the development of a full producer responsibility scheme by 5 January 2023. This will ensure the tobacco industry will share responsibility for waste from tobacco products, which continues to account for a large amount of the waste on Ireland's streets every year.				
Update 2020	The Department of the Environment, Climate and Cor Single Use Plastics Directive (Directive (EU) 2019/904) the marking specifications required for tobacco produ combination with tobacco products was finalised in D	. The EU Imple icts with filters	menting Regulation (2020/2 and filters marketed for use	151) outlining in	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
9.35	Continue collaboration with national and international partners on strategies to reduce illicit trade.	DOH TACU	Discuss with Departments of Finance, Justice and Equality, Revenue Commissioners, European Commission and WHO.	On-going	
Update 2014	Discussions on-going with respect to the implementat Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products.		I Fobacco Products Directive a	nd the WHO	
Update 2015	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra		-	acco Products	
Update 2016	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra			acco Products	
Update 2017	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra the development of the EU Commission Implementing systems. These Implementing Acts were adopted by t	de in Tobacco g Acts on toba	Products. The DOH TACU pa cco traceability and security f	rticipated in	
Update 2018	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra Office of the Revenue Commissioners participate in m Security Features. The Office of the Revenue Commiss security features system, is responsible for overseeing drafting the necessary accompanying legislation.	de in Tobacco eetings of the sioners, as con	Products. Officials from DOH EU Expert Sub-group on Trac petent authority for the trac	TACU and the eability and eability and	
Update 2019	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Tra Officials from DOH TACU and the Office of the Revenu Sub-group on Traceability and Security Features. The applying to cigarettes and roll-your-own tobacco beca The Office of the Revenue Commissioners, as compete system in Ireland and has oversight of the system. DO legislation in consultation with the Office of the Reven	de in Tobacco le Commission EU-wide traces me operation ent authority, H TACU is draf	Products. Hers participate in meetings o ability and security features s al on 20 May 2019. Was responsible for the deve fting the necessary accompar	f the EU Expert ystem lopment of the	
Update 2020	Discussions on-going with respect to illicit trade in the context of the implementation of the EU Tobacco Products Directive and the WHO Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products. DOH TACU and the Office of the Revenue Commissioners continue to engage in relation to the EU-wide traceability and security features systems.				
National and Ir	nternational Partnerships				
10.1	Government Departments, and state agencies including the Health Service Executive will continue to liaise and work with the non-governmental organisations in order to achieve policy aims set out in this report.	1. DOH TACU 2 DOH H&W P 3. HSE	Ensure on-going engagement via: 1. DOH engagement with governmental, state agencies and NGOs ⁷ , 2. Healthy Ireland Council, 3. HSE Health Services Tobacco Control Partners group.	Initiate Q1 2014 and on- going	
Update 2014	The Minister for Health and Minister for Children and	I Youth Affairs,	and their respective officials	l continue to	
	meet with relevant NGOs on tobacco control issues.				

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2015	The Minister for Health and respective officials contin The Healthy Ireland Council continues to promote council The HSE Tobacco Control Partners Group met twice in to support a coordinated approach to Tobacco Free Ir	ntrol initiatives 2015, reviewe	through the work of its men d the TOR and membership	nbers.
Update 2016	The Minister for Health and respective officials contin The Healthy Ireland Council continues to promote council The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme continued t through 2016 collaborating on work where appropriat	ntrol initiatives to coordinate t	through the work of its men	nbers.
Update 2017	The Minister for Health and respective officials contin The Health and Wellbeing Programme continues to p Ireland initiative. programme. DOH and Department of Public Expenditure and Refor reduce the overall prevalence of smoking in the popul highest and lowest social class groupings. DOH and local partners submitted a joint bid to host t consideration. The HSE TFI Programme continued to coordinate their collaborating on work where appropriate.	rromote contro rm engaged in lation, and in p he 18th WCTC	ol initiatives through the wor a pilot cycle of equality budg articular to narrow the gap b H in Dublin in 2021. Shortlist	k of the Healthy eting to between the red for
Update 2018	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme coordinate 2018 where programmes of work were shared, campa			
	The HSE (TFI) Programme and TFI Partners Group held on the 31st May 2018 with an aim to mobilise and em The conference theme was Mobilising Communities T attended by 121 delegates (54 of which were HSE staf event provided an opportunity to present relevant na explore current research gaps in Ireland as well as an prioritise recommendations for progressive actions ac also provided a platform to engage the Tobacco Partn improved collaboration for implementation of the HSI	power all stak owards a Toba f and 67 repre tional and inte opportunity fo cross policy, pra ers group and	eholders towards achieving t cco Free Ireland. The confere sentatives from external age rnational research in tobacco r discussion/debate/input to actice and research in tobacco wider stakeholders in workir	he TFI target. ence was ncies). The o control & identify & o control. It
Update 2019	on the 31st May 2018 with an aim to mobilise and em The conference theme was Mobilising Communities T attended by 121 delegates (54 of which were HSE staf event provided an opportunity to present relevant na explore current research gaps in Ireland as well as an prioritise recommendations for progressive actions ac also provided a platform to engage the Tobacco Partn	power all stak owards a Toba f and 67 repre tional and inte opportunity fo cross policy, pro ers group and E TFI action pla d and chaired o	eholders towards achieving t cco Free Ireland. The confere sentatives from external age rnational research in tobacco r discussion/debate/input to actice and research in tobacco wider stakeholders in workir n.	he TFI target. ence was ncies). The o control & identify & o control. It ng towards
Update 2019 Update 2020	on the 31st May 2018 with an aim to mobilise and em The conference theme was Mobilising Communities T attended by 121 delegates (54 of which were HSE staf event provided an opportunity to present relevant na explore current research gaps in Ireland as well as an prioritise recommendations for progressive actions ac also provided a platform to engage the Tobacco Partn improved collaboration for implementation of the HSE The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme coordinate 2019 where programmes of work were shared, campa	power all stak owards a Toba f and 67 repre tional and inte opportunity for cross policy, pro- ers group and E TFI action pla d and chaired f aign activities v d and chaired f	eholders towards achieving t cco Free Ireland. The confere sentatives from external age rnational research in tobacco r discussion/debate/input to actice and research in tobacco wider stakeholders in workir n. 4 meetings of our tobacco sta vere shared and cross reference wo meetings of our tobacco s were shared and cross reference	he TFI target. ence was ncies). The o control & identify & o control. It ng towards akeholders in nced. See stakeholders renced.
Update 2020 10.2	on the 31st May 2018 with an aim to mobilise and em The conference theme was Mobilising Communities T attended by 121 delegates (54 of which were HSE staf event provided an opportunity to present relevant na explore current research gaps in Ireland as well as an prioritise recommendations for progressive actions ac also provided a platform to engage the Tobacco Partn improved collaboration for implementation of the HSI The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme coordinate 2019 where programmes of work were shared, campa action 7.5 The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme coordinate in 2020 where programmes of work were shared, campa action 7.5 Che Department of Health engaged in bilateral contact and COVID-19 and smoking.	power all stak owards a Toba f and 67 repre tional and inte opportunity for cross policy, pro- ers group and E TFI action pla d and chaired f aign activities v d and chaired f	eholders towards achieving t cco Free Ireland. The confere sentatives from external age rnational research in tobacco r discussion/debate/input to actice and research in tobacco wider stakeholders in workir n. 4 meetings of our tobacco sta vere shared and cross reference wo meetings of our tobacco s were shared and cross reference	he TFI target. ence was ncies). The o control & identify & o control. It ng towards akeholders in nced. See stakeholders renced.
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Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame	
Update 2016	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive came into force on 20 May 2016. The Department continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement.				
Update 2017	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) which transposed the Tobacco Products Directive were amended in 2017 (S.I. No. 252 of 2017). The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement of the Directive. THE DOH TACU participated in the development of further EU Commission Implementing Acts on tobacco traceability and security feature systems. Those Implementing Acts were adopted by the EU Commission in December 2017.				
Update 2018	The European Union (Manufacture, Presentation and Sale of Tobacco and Related Products) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 271 of 2016) were amended in 2018 by S.I. No. 132 in relation to product presentation for electronic cigarettes and refill containers; S.I. No. 364 on safety and quality requirements for electronic cigarettes and refill containers and S.I. No. 504 which designates the Office of the Revenue Commissioners as the competent authority for the EU-wide traceability and security features system. Work on drafting the necessary legislation to implement the EU Commission Implementing Acts on the traceability and security features system in Irish law by the DOH TACU is ongoing. The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement of the Directive.				
Update 2019	Work on drafting the necessary legislation to implement the EU Commission Implementing Acts on the traceability and security features system in Irish law by the DOH TACU, in consultation with the Office of the Revenue Commissioners, is ongoing. The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European Commission and the HSE in relation to implementation and enforcement of the Directive. The EU Commission has signalled its intention to begin consulting with Member States on the review of the Tobacco Products Directive in 2020.				
Update 2020	The DOH TACU continues to engage with the European implementation and enforcement of the Directive. We the DOH, HSE and Office of the Revenue Commissione questionnaires and surveys.	ork on the revi	iew of the 2016 Directive beg	an in 2020 and	
10.3	All Government Departments and state agencies should actively engage with and implement the WHO FCTC, the Protocol to Eliminate the Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products and the FCTC Implementation Guidelines.		 Sign WHO FCTC protocol. Arrange to put in place the measures to facilitate ratification in the light of obligations set out in the Tobacco Products Directive. Implement protocol within recognised timeframes as set down by the ratified protocol. 	 Complete Q4 2013 Initiate Q4 2014 Await 40 country ratification 	
Update 2014	See 8.6 above. Ireland was actively engaged with WH at the Conference of the Parties Meeting (COP6)	O in progress	I ing the WHO FCTC, including	involvement	
Update 2015	Ongoing engagement with WHO on tobacco control is WHO Europe Region report "Making tobacco a thing c implementation of the WHO FCTC in the European Reg	of the past" - a	roadmap of actions to stren	-	
Update 2016	Ongoing engagement with WHO on tobacco control is WHO Europe Region's online Tobacco Playbook. DOH			-	

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
Update 2017	WHO awarded DOH World No Tobacco Day Award for Ireland hosted delegations from Romania and Moldo initiatives.			
	Ireland actively participated in WHO meetings (Copen WHO FCTC.	hagen and Hei	idelberg) on tobacco control	issues and the
Update 2018	In March 2018 Dublin was selected to host the World Confernce is the premier convention on tobacco - rela time the WCTOH has been hosted by a European city excellent opportunity for Ireland to highlight its positi the WTCOH often the main forum for discussing the n	ted issues, tak since 2003. He on as a global	ing place every 3 years. It wi osting the convention will pro leader in tobacco control me	ll be the first ovide an
	Ongoing engagement with the WHO in relation to tobacco control issues. Officials from the DOH TACU participated in meetings of the Conference of the Parties (COP8) of the WHO FCTC and the first Meeting of the Parties to the Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products (MOP1) in October 2018.			
Update 2019	Iate 2019 Following Dublin being selected in 2018 as host of the World Conference on Tobacco or Health, due to take place in March 2021, the DOH convened several meetings of the Local Organising Committee (consisting of a wide range of governmental and civil society organisations) and a joint meeting with the International Advisory Board in 2019. By year end, date and venue were confirmed (9-11th March 2021, Convention Centre Dublin) as the was the Conference logo and theme (Navigating Change: Leading with Impact) as well as a broad outline of the Conference Programme.			
Update 2020	Planning for the World Conference on Tobacco or Hea conference were finalised by the end of February. All March. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, planning was consultation with Local Organising Committee agreed virtual Leadership Summit in May 2021.	preparations v then put on h	vere completed to invite abst old. In May 2020, the Adviso	racts from mid ry Board, in
	A series of webinars were organised in 2020 to take pl were: • Tobacco and covid-19: understanding the science an • Plain packaging: lessons for the next round of implet • Fiscal strategies for financing health services in pand	nd policy implie menting count	cations. cries.	In 2020 these
	A further series of webinars were prepared for 2021. Constant review.			t under
	DOH TACU and the HSE participated in a WHO worksh <i>Products</i> in February 2020. DOH TACU delivered a pre			
10.4	Collaboration with other national and international partners in the area of tobacco control should be continued to further develop the evidence base in support of new initiatives and to evaluate the impact of current measures.	DOH TACU	Continue to liaise with EC, WHO and other international bodies to review new tobacco control initiatives as they emerge with a view to incorporate them into practice in Ireland if they facilitate Tobacco Free Ireland by 2025.	On-going

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame
10.5	Collaborate on a North/South basis, in particular through the North South Ministerial Council, on measures to reduce tobacco consumption.	DOH TACU	Continue to work with North South Ministerial Council on tobacco control.	On-going
10.6	Support greater national and international collaboration and participation on research programmes to strengthen the evidence base for new measures.	DOH TACU	Continue to liaise with European Commission, WHO and other international bodies to review new tobacco control initiatives as they emerge with a view to incorporate them into practice in Ireland if they facilitate Tobacco Free Ireland by 2025.	On-going
Update 2014	DOH TACU has actively engaged with the North South WHO at both regional and national level in 2014 to fu experience in tobacco control matters.		-	
Update 2015	As above for Update 2014			
Update 2016	As above for Update 2015			
Update 2017	See 10.3 above. DOH TACU has actively engaged with the North South WHO at both regional and national level in 2017 to fu experience in tobacco control matters. HSE TFI Programme held the role of chairperson on th ENSH-Global to the Global Network of Tobacco Free H of a new website. The programme actively contribute tobacco pre-conference workshop in Vienna and a ha Ireland participated in the 2016/7 and 2017/8 Gold Fo Vienna that applied for Gold Forum membership. 3 H Global Gold Forum. Through the role of GNTH chair, t International Global Assembly at their request to co-o services globally. The HSE also attended the HPH Inte parallel sessions on tobacco, networked with internat afterwards with both the HPH Secretariat and health s participated at a 2 day event hosted by the Andalusian Assembly, a half-day workshop and a welcome address Seville. The HSE supported a group of health professionals fro HSE services and engage with staff in October 2016 to invited (at their expense) to deliver a keynote address Tobacco Strategy and participate at a full-day workshop	e ENSH-Globa lealth Services d to the plann lf-day worksho orum Jury proo SE staff were in he HSE attend rdinate and su rnational 2 da ional colleague service colleague service colleague service colleague to Network in C ss at the Andal om the Ministr o develop a To at the launch	of Tobacco Free Ireland and al Board and facilitated the tra- (GNTH), and supported the co- ing and hosting of a very succ- op on 'diffusion of innovation cess and did a site visit of a ho- recruited to participate in the led the Health Promoting Hos- upport joint action on tobacco y conference in Vienna partic es working in tobacco and fol- ues. The HSE prepared, plann October to include a GNTH Ge- lusian Network Tobacco Conf y of Health in Malta who requi- bacco Strategy. This year the of the Maltese Department of	to share our ansition from development cessful 1 day ' in Seville. 2017/8 spital outside 2017/8 spital o in health ipating in all lowed up hed for and eneral erence in uested to visit e HSE were

Chapter and no.	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame			
	DOH TACU has actively engaged with the North South Ministerial Council, the European Commission, and the WHO at both regional and national level in 2017 to further the aims of Tobacco Free Ireland and to share our experience in tobacco control matters.						
	The HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme Lead travelled to Bellelay, Switzerland on the 13th and 14th of September 2018 to participate in the General Assembly of the GNTH and GNTH autumn workshop. A Clinical Nurse Manager 3 also travelled to this event and presented a case study on Tobacco Free Campus implementation in a mental health inpatient facility at Cluain Lir, Mullingar, Co. Westmeath.						
	HSE TFI Programme staff continue to chair and provide administrative support to the GNTH network. The TFI Programme financially supported the redevelopment and improvement of the GNTH Network and online self-audit tool and website.						
	In March 2018 Dublin was selected to host the World Convention on Tobacco or Health in 2021. This Convention is the premier convention on tobacco - related issues, taking place every 3 years. It will be the first time the WCTOH has been hosted by a European city since 2003. Hosting the convention will provide an excellent opportunity for Ireland to highlight its position as a global leader in tobacco control measures, with the WTCOH often the main forum for discussing the next steps in global tobacco control efforts.						
Update 2019	In April 2019 DOH hosted a delegation from Armenia the delegation on Ireland's progress in tobacco contro their own national tobacco control initiatives.	-					
	In April 2019 Ireland was invited to chair the Tobacco Control Informal Network for 2019-2020. The Network is a group of eight countries that have similar approaches to tobacco control issues. The other members are Canada, Uruguay, the UK, Australia, France, New Zealand and Norway. The duties of the chair country including organising expert meetings during the year to exchange knowledge and best practice and organising a lunch meeting on the fringes of the World Health Assembly with participants up to Ministerial level in attendance. On 21 October, Ireland hosted a meeting of experts from Network member countries on the topic of e- cigarettes and novel tobacco products. The meeting was held in the Permanent Mission of Ireland to the United Nations in Geneva.						
Update 2020	The WHO World Health Assembly scheduled for May 2 the cancellation of the meeting of the Tobacco Contro Minister for Health.	-	-	-			
	DOH TACU and the HSE Tobacco Free Ireland Programme participated in the European Conference on Tobacco or Health (ECTOH) in Berlin in February 2020. The TFI Programme presented an Irish case study, Supporting Tobacco Free Campus Implementation in Ireland, as part of an international Role of Health Professionals in Tobacco Prevention and Control workshop. The Programme also presented the case study to the Global Network for Tobacco Free Healthcare Services (GNTH) General Assembly.						
	In 2020, the TFI programme participated in two meeti Group. The meetings involve sharing of experiences an particular population sub-groups including young peo The HSE has also become involved in the Coalition of N group has representation from across Europe and the normalisation of tobacco use among health profession medical students.	nd resources r ple and those Nurses and He United States	egarding the provision of se with other addictions. alth Professionals against to and is concerned with the	ervices to obacco. The de-			

Chapter and	Recommendation	Lead	Action	Time frame		
no.						
Legend	1. DOH TACU: Department of Health Tobacco and Alcohol Control Unit.					
	2. WHO FCTC: World Health Organisation Framework Convention on Tobacco Control.					
	3. DOH H&W P: Department of Health Health and Wellbeing Programme.					
	4. HSE: Health Service Executive.					
	5. EU: European Union.					
	6. TFI Programme: Tobacco Free Ireland Programme					
	7. CHO: Community Healthcare Organisations					
	8. HP & I: Health Promotion and Improvement					
	9. Environmental Health Service					
	10. NRT: Nicotine Replacement Therapy.					
	11. NGOs: Non-Governmental Organisations.					
	12 ILO: International Labour Organisation.					
	13. TFC: Tobacco Free Campus					
	14. NHS: National Health Service (UK)					
	15. TPD: Tobacco Products Directive.					
	16. RIA: Regulatory Impact Assessment.					
	17. BISC: Brief Intervention in Smoking Cessation.					
	18. MECC: Making Every Contact Count.					
	19. HIQA: Health Information and Quality Authority					